SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY



BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Chair: Director John D. Kluge Solano Irrigation District

Vice Chair: Supervisor Skip Thomson Solano County District 5

Mayor Elizabeth Patterson City of Benicia

Mayor Thom Bogue City of Dixon

Mayor Harry Price City of Fairfield

Director Ryan Mahoney Maine Prairie Water District

Director Dale Crossley
Reclamation District No.
2068

Mayor Ron Kott City of Rio Vista

Supervisor Erin Hannigan Solano County District 1

Supervisor Monica Brown Solano County District 2

Supervisor Jim Spering Solano County District 3

Supervisor John Vasquez Solano County District 4

Mayor Pete Sanchez City of Suisun City

Mayor Len Augustine City of Vacaville

Mayor Bob Sampayan City of Vallejo

GENERAL MANAGER:

Roland Sanford Solano County Water Agency

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING

DATE:

Thursday, September 13, 2018

TIME:

6:30 P.M.

PLACE:

Berryessa Room

Solano County Water Agency Office 810 Vaca Valley Parkway, Suite 203

Vacaville

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 3. <u>APPROVAL OF AGENDA</u>
- 4. PUBLIC COMMENT

Limited to 5 minutes for any one item not scheduled on the Agenda.

- 5. <u>CONSENT ITEMS</u> (estimated time: 5 minutes)
 - (A) <u>Minutes</u>: Approval of the Minutes of the Board of Directors meeting of August 9, 2018.
 - (B) Expenditure Approvals: Approval of the August 2018 checking account register.
 - (C) <u>Contract Amendment with Garcia and Associates:</u> Authorize General Manager to execute \$63,976 contract amendment with Garcia and Associates for additional post-construction monitoring of Winter Putah Creek projects.
 - (D) Purchase of used Ford 550 Bucket Truck: Authorize General Manager to purchase used bucket truck- total cost not to exceed \$40,000 for use on habitat restoration projects on Lower Putah Creek.



- (E) Contract Amendment with Integrated Environmental
 Restoration Services (IERS): Authorize General Manager to
 execute \$99,000 contract amendment with IERS for additional
 investigations in support of Putah South Canal Sediment Reuse
 Study.
- (F) <u>Confirm rejection of Pleasure Cove Marina Claim:</u> Confirm General Manager's decision to reject claim by Pleasure Cove Marina dated July 25, 2018.
- (G) Continuation of Lower Putah Creek Salmon Study: Authorize General Manager to sign \$130,000 contract amendment with UC Davis for continuation of Lower Putah Creek Salmon Study through FY 2018-2019.
- 6. BOARD MEMBER REPORTS (estimated time: 5 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION: For information only.

7. GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT (estimated time: 5 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION: For information only.

8. SOLANO WATER ADVISORY COMMISSION REPORT (estimated time: 5 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION: For information only.

9. WATER AGENCY'S FUTURE ROLE IN FLOOD MANAGEMENT

(estimated time: 30 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION: Hear report from Water Policy Committee and provide direction to staff.

10. STATE WATER PROJECT "TABLE A" ONE-YEAR WATER EXCHANGE WITH SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT (SCVWD) (estimated time: 5 minutes)

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1) Authorize General Manager to execute Agreement between Department of Water Resources (DWR), SCWA, and SCVWD for exchange of up to 8,000 acre-feet of 2018 "Table A" water, on behalf of the cities of Vallejo, Suisun City, Fairfield, and Vacaville.
- 2) Authorize General Manager to sign, upon final review and approval by Water Agency Counsel, the following "letters of understanding" describing the Water Agency's role in the SCVWD exchange:
 - a) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Suisun City
 - b) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Fairfield

c) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Vacaville

(Note: The Letter of Understanding between the Water Agency and Vallejo was approved at the August 9, 2018 Board meeting)

11. **LEGISLATIVE UPDATES** (estimated time: 5 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION:

1. Hear report from Committee Chair on activities of the SCWA Legislative Committee.

12. <u>WATER POLICY UPDATES</u> (estimated time: 10 minutes)

RECOMMENDATION:

- 1. Hear report from staff on current and emerging Delta and Water Policy issues and provide direction.
- 2. Hear status report from Committee Chair on activities of the SCWA Water Policy Committee.
- 3. Hear report from Supervisor Thomson on activities of the Delta Counties Coalition, Delta Protection Commission, and Delta Stewardship Council.
- 4. Hear report from Supervisor Vasquez on activities of the Delta Conservancy.
- 13. <u>CLOSED SESSION</u> Conference with Legal Counsel Existing Litigation Pursuant to Government Code § 54956.9)
 Friends of Putah Creek v. Central Valley Flood Protection Board Solano County Superior Court Case No. FCS051040

14. TIME AND PLACE OF NEXT MEETING

Thursday, October 11, 2018 at 6:30 p.m. at the SCWA offices.

The Full Board of Directors packet with background materials for each agenda item can be viewed on the Agency's website at www.scwa2.com.

Any materials related to items on this agenda distributed to the Board of Directors of Solano County Water Agency less than 72 hours before the public meeting are available for public inspection at the Agency's offices located at the following address: 810 Vaca Valley Parkway, Suite 203, Vacaville, CA 95688. Upon request, these materials may be made available in an alternative format to persons with disabilities.

SEP.2018.bod.agd

CONSENT ITEMS

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING MINUTES

MEETING DATE: August 9, 2018

The Solano County Water Agency Board of Directors met this evening at the Solano County Water Agency office in Vacaville. Present were:

Mayor Elizabeth Patterson, City of Benicia
Mayor Thom Bogue, City of Dixon
Mayor Harry Price, City of Fairfield
Vice-Mayor Constant Boulware, City of Rio Vista
Mayor Len Augustine, City of Vacaville
Council Member Robert McConnell, City of Vallejo
Supervisor Erin Hannigan, Solano County District 1
Supervisor Monica Brown, Solano County District 2
Supervisor Jim Spering, Solano County District 3
Supervisor John Vasquez, Solano County District 4
Director Dale Crossley, Reclamation District 2068
Director John Kluge, Solano Irrigation District

CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 6:30 p.m. by Chair Kluge.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

General Manager Roland Sanford requested that Agenda Item 13 – Closed Session – be pulled from the agenda because there was nothing to report or discuss. He also requested that Agenda Item 10 – Update of Dixon Watershed Management Plan – be pulled from the agenda because the scope of the proposed project had not yet been finalized. Mayor Bogue requested that Agenda Item 10 remain on the agenda as an informational item. On a motion by Mayor Patterson and second by Supervisor Spering the Board unanimously approved the agenda with the removal of Item 13 and retention of Agenda Item 10 as an informational item.

PUBLIC COMMENT

There were no public comments.

CONSENT ITEMS

On a motion by Supervisor Hannigan and a second by Mayor Price the Board unanimously approved the following consent items:

- (A) Minutes
- (B) Expenditure Approvals
- (C) Purchase Order for flood flow measurement equipment
- (D) Agreement Southwest Environmental Inc.
- (E) Purchase of used 2012 Kubota M9960 Utility Tractor

BOARD MEMBER REPORTS

There were no Board Member reports.

GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT

There were no additions to the General Manager's written report provided in the meeting agenda packet.

SOLANO WATER ADVISORY COMMISSION

There was no report.

ACCEPTANCE OF SWEENEY CREEK EASEMENTS FOR FLOOD CONTROL PURPOSES

On a motion by Mayor Sanchez and a second by Supervisor Brown the Board unanimously approved acceptance of the Sweeney Creek easements and authorized the General Manger to submit said easements to the Solano County Recorder's office for recordation.

STATE WATER PROJECT "TABLE A" ONE-YEAR WATER EXCHANGES WITH DUDLEY RIDGE WATER DISTRICT (DRWD) AND SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT (SCVWD)

General Manager Roland Sanford described the factors – poor water quality, periodic pumping restrictions to avoid impacts to endangered species, frequency of reduced water supply allocations by the Department of Water Resources - that collectively make the North Bay Aqueduct an unreliable source of water. He explained that because the North Bay Aqueduct water supply is comparatively unreliable, the North Bay Aqueduct water users are forced to always assume that they will receive only a fraction of the water they pay for in any given year, but that at times, as has occurred this year, full water supply allocations are available. He went on to explain that there are times when the unanticipated temporary surplus cannot be readily used within Solano County or stored for later use, and that in such instances it made sense to consider a water exchange as a means of recovering a stranded asset – in this case water that has been paid for but potentially unused.

Mr. Sanford explained that the proposed exchanges with DRWD and SCVWD were one-time exchanges that would occur in the 2018 calendar year and would involve water that would potentially be unused. He observed that currently the Water Agency has only an informal policy regarding water exchanges involving out-of-county entities – do not support a water exchange with out-of-county entities unless it is confirmed that no entity within Solano County can use the water to be exchanged –and recommended the Board direct the Water Policy Committee, with support from the Solano Water Advisory Commission, to formulate and recommend, for Board consideration, water exchange policy/principles for future water exchanges involving the Water Agency.

On a motion by Supervisor Hannigan and second by Mayor Patterson the Board unanimously approved to:

- Authorize General Manager to execute Agreement between Department of Water Resources (DWR), SCWA, and DRWD for exchange of up to 1,000 acre-feet of 2018 "Table A" water, on behalf of City of Vallejo.
- Authorize General Manager to execute Letter of Understanding between SCWA and City of Vallejo memorializing SCWA's facilitation role in exchange of "Table A" water belonging to City of Vallejo, to DRWD and SCVWD.
- Direct Water Policy Committee to formulate and recommend water exchange policy/principles for future water exchanges involving SCWA.

UPDATE OF DIXON WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PLAN

Chair Kluge recused himself from the discussion due to a potential conflict of interest. The Board appointed Supervisor Hannigan to chair this discussion in the absence of the Vice-Chair.

Staff from the City of Dixon, Dixon RCD, RD 2068, and the County discussed various technical and policy issues pertaining to the update of the Dixon Watershed Management Plan and the proposed scope of work for that update. There was general consensus that further discussions were needed to formulate a scope of work that was acceptable to all concerned. The Board directed staff to facilitate discussions among the parties, with the goal of formulating an acceptable scope of work and consultant contract for Board consideration at the regularly scheduled Board meeting in October.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATES

There was no report, the Legislative Committee did not meet last month. The next meeting is scheduled for the September 6, 2018.

WATER POLICY UPDATES

- 1. There was no report.
- 2. General Manager Roland Sanford reported that the Water Policy Committee is scheduled to finalize its recommendations regarding SCWA's role in flood management, and present those findings at the regularly scheduled Board meeting in September.
- 3. There was no report.
- 4. There was no report.

TIME AND PLACE OF NEXT MEETING

Thursday, September 13, 2018 at 6:30 p.m., at the SCWA offices in Vacaville

ADJOURNMENT

This meeting of the Solano County Water Agency Board of Directors was adjourned at 7:30 p.m.

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency parties the result of the first and resident of the first of the first

- Andrewski (1985) – 1985) de la stationer (1985) Andrewski (1985) – 1985) de la stationer (1985) (1985) – 1985)

ente en skrigerre krokereliker i franklig og det forbett i skriger franklig statt statt.

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018
SUBJECT:	Expenditures Approval
RECOMMENDATI	<u>ONS</u> :
Approve expenditure	es from the Water Agency checking accounts for August, 2018.
FINANCIAL IMPA	<u>CT</u> :
All expenditures are	within previously approved budget amounts.
BACKGROUND:	
Attached is a summa	auditor has recommended that the Board of Directors approve all expenditures (in arrears). ary of expenditures from the Water Agency's checking accounts for August, 2018. Additional is available upon request.
Recommended: Rol	land Sanford, General Manager
	oved as Other Continued on next page
Modification to Reco	ommendation and/or other actions:
foregoing action was	ieneral Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the s regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting ember 13, 2018 by the following vote:
Ayes:	
Noes:	
Abstain:	
Absent:	
Roland Sanford General Manager & Solano County Wate	•

Sep.2018.It.5B

g Mel legge Agad am a bar gris

अधिकारी असीरा अधिकार

ranger of the first transfer in the second section of the contract of the cont

Languager, er hallige egickletige

公司的基本

of Libertum, and Marchines, first Minds The Constitution of the Children and Children And Children and Children and Children and Children

ารูเมากระการ (เดียกการตัวเกราะกับได้ดูการตัวเมื่อเกราะดัง ผู้เป็นได้ ได้ตั้งสุดกรั้ง พิธีการกระที่ (พิธีการตัวเกราะที่ กรีวิที่ พิทียาสุดกระที่ ผู้เป็นได้ผู้สุดใจการตั้งเลี้ยาตั้ง

in nga Pak

का पूर्व कार्युक्त है । विकेश विदेश विश्वस्थिति

and the second s

partir agreematical partire

> राज्य कृता है के क्षेत्री को क्षेत्री की की जन्म र विकास समित्री की का

net seek

1.5452

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount C	Credit Amount
8/30/18	10179	2020WC 1020SC	Invoice: 18-07-3868 MBK ENGINEERS	4,267.00	4,267.00
8/6/18	32073	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2763174 AMERICAN TOWER CORPORATION	601.39	601.39
8/6/18	32074	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 53928394 CHEVRON AND TEXACO	918.20	918.20
8/6/18	32075	2020N 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 CLEAN TECH ADVOCATES	8,600.00	8,600.00
8/6/18	32076	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: CHEVY VAN REG DMV	407.00	407.00
8/6/18	32077	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 5460891 TIAA BANK	1,135.17	1,135.17
8/6/18	32078	2020U 1020SC	Invoice: SF09020 GARTON TRACTOR, INC.	217.25	217.25
8/6/18	32079	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 103014 Invoice: 103011 Invoice: 103013 GHD, INC.	4,937.75 815.50 641.75	6,395.00
8/6/18	32080	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: V4880304 HOLT OF CALIFORNIA	5,415.24	5,415.24
8/6/18	32081	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 9013782 Invoice: 8181154 Invoice: 5014349 Invoice: 5014348 Invoice: 2023220 Invoice: 2022817 HOME DEPOT CREDIT SERVICE	114.16 163.11 218.16 118.78 23.76 71.43	709.40
8/6/18	32082	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: CL96691 INTERSTATE OIL COMPANY	806.00	806,00
8/6/18	32083	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 EXEC MTG JOHN D. KLUGE	100,00	100.00
8/6/18	32084	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 521983 M&M SANITARY LLC	157.50	157.50
8/6/18	32085	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 200738 MARTIN'S METAL FABRICATION &	51.50	51.50
8/6/18	32085V	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 200738 MARTIN'S METAL FABRICATION &	51.50	51.50
8/6/18	32086	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: WWWC001 NAPA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	1,570.46	1,570.46
8/6/18	32087	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 8474217 OVIVO USA, LLC.	462.72	462.72
8/6/18	32088	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1306 ROCK STEADY JUGGLING	500.00	500.00
8/6/18	32089	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 315820 Invoice: CM1018246 RON DUPRATT FORD	745.96	44.81 701.15
8/6/18	32090	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1248 SOLANO RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT	9,748.27	9,748.27
8/6/18	32091	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 35002 SOUTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL	720.00	720.00
8/6/18	32092	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 EXEC MTG JAMES SPERING	100.00	100.00

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
0/6/10	22002	300053			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
8/6/18	32093	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 109331 STERLING MAY CO.	38.94	38.94
8/6/18	32094	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 696382 SYAR INDUSTRIES, INC	422.79	422.79
8/6/18	32095	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 20961-31 THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CA	18,264.51	18,264.51
8/6/18	32096	2020SC	Invalian MARYORA OF ADOMA		•
0/0/10	32070	1020SC	Invoice: MARYGRACE ADONA MARYGRACE ADONA	1,000.00	1,000.00
8/6/18	32097	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: MOON CHOE MOON CHOE	1,000.00	1,000.00
8/6/18	32098	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: LEO ESCARCEGA I LEO ESCARCEGA	1,000.00	1,000.00
8/6/18	32099	2020SC	Invoice: PETER KNOTT	614.00	
		1020SC	PETER KNOTT	014.00	614.00
8/6/18	32100	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PERLITA ULLARICH PERLITA ULLARICH	724.00	724.00
8/6/18	32101	2020SC	Invoice: 21847	26.36	
		2020SC	Invoice: 21848	57.25	
		2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 22005 VACAVILLE TRAILER SALES	13.18	96.79
		102050	VACAVIELE INAILER SALLS		90.79
8/6/18	32102	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 12100 WARREN'S WATER TRUCK SERVICE	250.00	250.00
8/6/18	32103	2020SC	Invoice: 1	812.50	
		1020SC	WEBER GENERAL ENGINEERING INC.		812.50
8/6/18	32104	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 6569 WINTERS AGGREGATE, LLC	209.87	209.87
8/6/18	32105	2020SC	Invoice: 0001	15 000 00	
0/0/10	32103	1020SC	Invoice: 9001 ZUNZUN	15,000.00	15,000.00
8/6/18	32106	2020U 1020SC	Invoice: JUL 2018 SOLANO COUNTY FLEET MANAGEMENT	543.53	543.53
9/0/19	22107	202000	1		
8/9/18	32107	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0567837 ACWA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY	1,705.23	1,705.23
8/9/18	32108	2020SC	Invoice: 314098-1	2 500 00	
0/ // 10	32100	1020SC	ALPIIA MEDIA II LLC	3,500.00	3,500.00
8/9/18	32109	2020SC	Invoice: BA5741	500.00	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: BA5743	500.00	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: BA5740 Invoice: BA5742	500.00 500.00	
		1020SC	BLANKINSHIP & ASSOCIATES, INC.	300.00	2,000.00
8/9/18	32110	2020SC	Invoice: A822496	790.00	
6/ 2/ 10	32110	1020SC	BSK ASSOCIATES	780.00	780.00
8/9/18	32111	2020N	Invoice: 17-1032-7	5,005.00	
		1020SC	CBEC		5,005.00
8/9/18	32112	2020SC	Invoice: 1201686	20.00	
		1020SC	COUNTY OF YOLO		20.00
8/9/18	32113	2020SC	Invoice: JUL 2018	859.98	
		1020SC	T.M. HARDESTY		859.98
8/9/18	32114	2020SC	Invoice: 89413	1,917.60	
		2020SC	Invoice: 89412	729.30	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 89631	198.90	
		1020SC	Invoice: 89414 HERUM \ CRABTREE \ SUNTAG	6,540.48	9,386.28
0/0/10	2011417				,
8/9/18	32114V	2020SC	Invoice: 89413		1,917.60

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
		2020SC	Invoice: 89412		729.30
		2020SC	Invoice: 89631		198.90
		2020SC	Invoice: 89414		6,540.48
		1020SC	HERUM \ CRABTREE \ SUNTAG	9,386.28	
8/9/18	32115	2020SC	Invoice: CL98088	1,725.57	
		1020SC	INTERSTATE OIL COMPANY		1,725.57
8/9/18	32116	2020SC	Invoice: 200738	55.68	
		1020SC	MARTIN'S METAL FABRICATION &		55.68
8/9/18	32117	2020SC	Invoice: 342	11,382.50	
0, 2, 10	52117	1020SC	PALENCIA CONSULTING ENGINEERS	11,502.50	11,382.50
8/9/18	32118	2020SC	Invoice: 01032028	51.00	
0/7/10	32116	1020SC	RECOLOGY HAY ROAD	31.00	51.00
8/9/18	32119	2020SC	Invoice: CALL#148	50,000.00	
		2020SC	Invoice: 0000164149-201819-00	2,108.46	** ***
		1020SC	CHARLES LOMELI, TAX COLLECTOR		52,108.46
8/9/18	32119V	2020SC	Invoice: CALL#148		50,000.00
		2020SC	Invoice: 0000164149-201819-00		2,108.46
		1020SC	CHARLES LOMELI, TAX COLLECTOR	52,108.46	_,
0/0/10	20100	20200	1 2 600	104.00	
8/9/18	32120	2020SC	Invoice: 56171	196.27	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 56217	448.18	
			Invoice: 56256	316.47	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 56313 Invoice: 56392	65.64	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 36392 Invoice: 56438	311.84 73.85	
		2020SC	Invoice: 56429	295.41	
		2020SC	Invoice: 56529	488.07	
		1020SC	SUISUN VALLEY FRUIT GROWERS AS	400.07	2,195.73
0.00.0					
8/9/18	32121	2020SC	Invoice: 201808-13333	1,425.08	1 425 00
		1020SC	TERRA REALTY ADVISORS, INC.		1,425.08
8/9/18	32122	2020SC	Invoice: 70B70-03	22,388.88	
		1020SC	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CA	•	22,388.88
0/0/10	20102	***************************************		444.00	
8/9/18	32123	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: LISA BRIGGS LISA BRIGGS	464.00	464.00
		10203C	LISA BRIGGS		404.00
8/9/18	32124	2020SC	Invoice: BRYAN LYNCH	1,000.00	
		1020SC	BRYAN LYNCH		1,000.00
0/0/10	20106	202000	I : MOUEL OOLOA	676.00	
8/9/18	32125	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: MIGUEL OCHOA MIGUEL OCHOA	576.00	576.00
		10203C	MIGGEL OCHOX		370.00
8/9/18	32126	2020SC	Invoice: RENE SMITH	636.36	
		1020SC	RENE SMITH		636.36
8/9/18	20107	202050	Invaine ALDERT WONG	1 000 00	
0/9/10	32127	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: ALBERT WONG ALBERT WONG	1,000.00	1,000.00
		102030	ALBERT WORLD		1,000.00
8/9/18	32128	2020SC	Invoice: 2017-222	2,500.00	
		1020SC	WATERSMART INNOVATIONS CONFERENCE		2,500.00
8/14/18	32129	2020SC	Invoice: HCS2019 REIMBURSEMEN	10,563.75	
0/14/10	32129	1020SC	HERUM \ CRABTREE \ SUNTAG	10,303.73	10,563.75
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			.0,202///
8/15/18	32130	2020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG	132.70	
		1020SC	CONSTANCE BOULWARE		132.70
8/15/18	32131	2020N	Invoice: 17-1032-6	2,487.50	
5, 15, 10		1020SC	CBEC	2,707.50	2,487.50
					-,
8/15/18	32132	2020SC	Invoice: 3447	3,500.00	
		1020SC	CA CENTRAL VALLEY FLOOD CONTROL		3,500.00
			ASSOCIA		
8/15/18	32132V	2020SC	Invoice: 3447		3,500.00
J, 13, 10	J= : J= T	1020SC	CA CENTRAL VALLEY FLOOD CONTROL	3,500.00	3,300.00
		. ,2000	ASSOCIA	2,500.00	

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
8/15/18	32133	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 17608 CENTRAL VALLEY EQUIPMENT REPAIR	3,422.02	3,422.02
8/15/18	32134	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG DALE CROSSLEY	100.00	100.00
8/15/18	32135	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 104207 GHD, INC.	4,336.50	4,336.50
8/15/18	32136	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 9864964045 GRAINGER	490.50	490.50
8/15/18	32137	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 89413 Invoice: 89412 Invoice: 89631 Invoice: 89414 HERUM\CRABTREE\SUNTAG	1,917.60 729.30 198.90 6,450.48	9,296.28
8/15/18	32138	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2018 EXEMPT KINGS COUNTY CLERK	40.00	40.00
8/15/18	32139	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG JOHN D. KLUGE	100.00	100.00
8/15/18	32140	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 34123 LUHDORFF & SCALMANINI	11,780.62	11,780.62
8/15/18	32141	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG ROBERT MCCONNELL	121.80	121.80
8/15/18	32142	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 180593 MSDSONLINE, INC	499.00	499.00
8/15/18	32143	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: OH35101 NORTHBAY OCCUPATIONAL HEALTHCARE	120.00	120.00
8/15/18	32144	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 255347 Invoice: 255304 Invoice: 255434 Invoice: 255440 Invoice: 255586 Invoice: 255751 Invoice: 256208 Invoice: 001849 Invoice: 002583 Invoice: 002583 Invoice: 003312 Invoice: 003311 Invoice: 257053 Invoice: 257056 PACIFIC ACE HARDWARE	19.27 10.71 75.05 129.62 24.66 1.67 13.40 21.60 41.51 231.42 34.25 57.79 36.45 21.12	718.52
8/15/18	32145	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG ELIZABETH PATTERSON	133.25	133.25
8/15/18	32146	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 7-26-18 REFILL PITNEY BOWES	1,510.00	1,510.00
8/15/18	32147	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 43137306 RECOLOGY VACAVILLE SOLANO	246.36	246.36
8/15/18	32148	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2001889043 SAGE SOFTWARE, INC.	446.00	446.00
8/15/18	32149	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 004485 SAM'S CLUB	271.02	271.02
8/15/18	32150	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0731180229 SHANDAM CONSULTING	4,147.50	4,147.50
8/15/18	32151	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0006863 Invoice: 0006864 SOLANO IRRIGATION DISTRICT	19,889.54 177.32	20,066.86
8/15/18	32152	2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: CALL#148 Invoice: 0000164149-201819-00	270.00 2,108.46	

8/15/18 8/15/18 8/15/18	32153 32154 32155 32156	1020SC 2020SC 1020SC 2020SC 1020SC 2020SC	CHARLES LOMELI, TAX COLLECTOR Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG JAMES SPERING Invoice: BAWMRP#17 THINKING GREEN CONSULTANTS	100.00	2,378.46	
8/15/18 8/15/18 8/15/18	32154 32155	1020SC 2020SC 1020SC 2020SC	JAMES SPERING Invoice: BAWMRP#17	100.00	100.00	
8/15/18 8/15/18	32155	1020SC 2020SC				
8/15/18				6,786.00	6,786.00	
	32156	1020SC	Invoice: GUY BENJAMIN BROOKSH GUY BENJAMIN BROOKSHIRE	750.00	750,00	
8/15/18		2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: LORETTA CHUCKROW LORETTA CHUCKROW	306.00	306.00	
	32157	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: JESSE GO JESSE GO	1,000.00	1,000.00	
8/15/18	32158	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0006158792 VACAVILLE REPORTER	578.00	578.00	
8/15/18	32159	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: AUG 2018 BOD MTG JOHN VASQUEZ	100.00	100.00	
8/15/18	32160	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 9811723612 VERIZON WIRELESS	3,083.34	3,083.34	
8/15/18	32161	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 12103752 WILBUR-ELLIS COMPANY	1,551.60	1,551.60	
8/15/18	32162	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 545 WINTERS TOW SERVICE	225.00	225.00	
8/15/18	32163	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 3447 CA CENTRAL VALLEY FLOOD CONTROL ASSOCIA	3,605.00	3,605.00	
8/15/18	32164	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 8706 REGIONAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	3,125.55	3,125.55	
8/20/18	32165	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: EXEMPT FEE DUDLEY SOLANO COUNTY CLERK	50.00	50.00	
8/21/18	32166	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2573 Invoice: 2574 Invoice: 2575 AG INNOVATIONS	1,125.00 1,530.00 1,935.00	4,590.00	
8/21/18	32167	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1932616 THE REINALT-THOMAS CORP	14.06	14.06	
8/21/18	32168	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 000011773486 Invoice: 000011773531 CALNET3	256.67 165.13	421.80	
8/21/18	32169	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 17590 CENTRAL VALLEY EQUIPMENT REPAIR	662.54	662.54	
8/21/18	32170	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1212791 Invoice: 1212987 COUNTY OF YOLO	38.40 66.00	104.40	
8/21/18	32171	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 37313 GRANICUS	200.00	200.00	
8/21/18	32172	2020U 1020SC	Invoice: 2110 J.T. MARTIN	200.00	200.00	
8/21/18	32173	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 4183 MIKE BOBBIT AND ASSOCIATES	675.00	675.00	
8/21/18	32174	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 67673 Invoice: 67728 NORMANDEAU ASSOCIATES, INC.	768.00 876.92	1,644.92	
8/21/18 3	32175	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 15279741 OFFICE RELIEF, INC	3,506.09	3,506.09	

	32176 32177	2020SC 1020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 18-024 ORIT KALMAN	750.00	
8/21/18	32177	2020SC	ONII KALIMAN		
8/21/18	32177				750.00
			Invoice: 800763	128.82	
		2020SC	Invoice: 801012	6.42	
		2020SC	Invoice: 801411	59.73	
		2020SC	Invoice: 801919	301.74	
		2020SC	Invoice: 802153	1.77	
		2020SC	Invoice: 802722	58.38	
		2020SC	Invoice: 802687	29.70	
		2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 802768 PISANIS AUTO PARTS	10.65	597.21
8/21/18	32178	2020SC	Invoice: 8607	250.00	
		1020SC	REGIONAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	200,00	250.00
8/21/18	32179	2020SC	Invoice: 001656	108.67	
		1020SC	SAM'S CLUB		108.67
8/21/18	32180	2020SC	Invoice: 0006774	126,772.59	
		2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0006775	63,929.47	100 500 04
0.01	•=		SOLANO IRRIGATION DISTRICT		190,702.06
8/21/18	32181	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 35007 SOUTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL	780.00	780.00
0.00.44.0					760.00
8/21/18	32182	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 006492990046SEP2018 STANDARD INSURANCE COMPANY	1,845.73	1,845.73
					1,045.75
8/21/18	32183	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2018-6-SCWA	15,054.71	1000101
			SUSTAINABLE SOLANO		15,054.71
8/21/18	32184	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 697127 SYAR INDUSTRIES, INC	437.58	427 50
			STAR INDUSTRIES, INC		437.58
8/21/18	32185	2020SC	Invoice: 300312655	30.52	
		2020SC	Invoice: 200420201	243.66	
		2020SC	Invoice: 300313419	134.21	
		2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 300313418 Invoice: 300313420	161.12	
		1020SC	TRACTOR SUPPLY CREDIT PLAN	109.50	679.01
8/21/18	32186	2020SC	Invoice: 6414	595.00	
		1020SC	WINTERS BROADBAND	373.00	595.00
8/21/18	32187	2020SC	Invoice: K10587700101	427.65	
		2020SC	Invoice: K10587700102	1,060.16	
		1020SC	ZONES INC.		1,487.81
8/28/18	32188	2020SC	Invoice: 7001593913	269.00	
		1020SC	AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION		269.00
8/28/18	32189	2020SC	Invoice: 2018-8	3,320.00	
		1020SC	BAY AREA FLOOD PROTECTION AGENCIES	2,020.00	3,320.00
			ASSO		
8/28/18	32190	2020SC	Invoice: PHASE 3 METER	785.00	
		1020SC	CITY OF WINTERS		785.00
8/28/18	32191	2020SC	Invoice: 19-024-V JUL 2018	77,829.00	
		2020SC	Invoice: 18-026-T SEP 2018	448,562.00	
		2020SC	Invoice: 18-024-O SEP 2018	567.00	
		1020SC	DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES		526,958.00
8/28/18	32192	2020N	Invoice: US0132115709	4,402.00	
		1020SC	ERNST & YOUNG U.S. LLP		4,402.00
8/28/18	32193	2020SC	Invoice: 4652	37,173.63	
		1020SC	EYASCO, INC.		37,173.63
8/28/18	32194	2020N	Invoice: 6-279-53507	214.76	
		1020SC	FEDEX EXPRESS	217.70	214.76
8/28/18	32195	2020SC	Invoice: 104494	11 701 04	
V-20/10 .	26173	2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 104494 Invoice: 104493	11,721.04 2,070.50	

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
		1020SC	GHD, INC.		13,791.54
8/28/18	32196	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: CL99474 INTERSTATE OIL COMPANY	1,428.71	1,428.71
8/28/18	32197	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2148 J.T. MARTIN	560.00	560.00
8/28/18	32198	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0109629 JUST THE FINEST PEST MNGT	120.00	120.00
8/28/18	32199	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2845 KC ENGINEERING COMPANY	700.00	700.00
8/28/18	32200	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 15932 MANN, URRUTIA, NELSON, CPAS	800.00	800.00
8/28/18	32201	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 37035916 Invoice: 37287021 NUTRIEN AG SOLUTIONS	23,733.17 4,151.93	27,885.10
8/28/18	32202	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 8474429 OVIVO USA, LLC.	935.03	935.03
8/28/18	32203	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 7/11/18-8/9/18 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO,	1,692.87	1,692.87
8/28/18	32204	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2181833 RAY MORGAN COMPANY	392.90	392.90
8/28/18	32205	2020SC 2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 0006879 Invoice: 0006880 SOLANO IRRIGATION DISTRICT	113,668.38 61,090.51	174,758.89
8/28/18	32206	2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC 2020SC	Invoice: 2130504631 Invoice: 2133714081 Invoice: 2133727781 Invoice: 2135307871 Invoice: 2136042421 Invoice: 2136062021 Invoice: 2137080841 Invoice: 2139360041 Invoice: 2139622441 Invoice: 2141985771	160.47 39.78 111.96 115.55 338.25 424.75 581.45 164.62 798.38 29.49	
8/28/18	32207	1020SC 2020SC	STAPLES Invoice: 20961-32	30,095.41	2,764.70
		1020SC	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CA	585.00	30,095.41
8/28/18	32208	2020N 1020SC	Invoice: JANE AJERO JANE AJERO		585.00
8/28/18	32209	2020N 1020SC	Invoice: SHONDA AVERY SHONDA AVERY	317.00	317.00
8/28/18	32210	2020N 1020SC	Invoice: ANTONIO ORTIZ ANTONIO ORTIZ	338.00	338.00
8/28/18	32211	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: VIRGINIA TEVLIN VIRGINIA TEVLIN	962.00	962.00
8/28/18	32212	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 119865 WOOD RODGERS, INC.	18,356.65	18,356.65
8/30/18	32213	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: INV-008019 CONEXWEST	2,998.53	2,998.53
8/30/18	32214	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1442 HAWKINS LAND SURVEYING	5,000.00	5,000.00
8/30/18	32215	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 8/22/18 THE REPURPOSED OKIE	500.00	500.00
8/30/18	32216	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 1082118-144 RICHARD HEATH & ASSOCIATES, INC.	3,000.00	3,000.00

Date	Check #	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
8/30/18	32217	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 006659 SAM'S CLUB	82.94	82.94
8/11/18	ASHLEY JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: ASHLEY JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	896.35	896.35
8/25/18	ASHLEY JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: ASHLEY JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	314.73	314.73
8/25/18	BARICH JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: BARICH JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	25.24	25.24
8/25/18	BARICH JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: BARICH JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	224.25	224.25
8/25/18	COLIAS JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: COLIAS JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	388.11	388.11
8/6/18	COLIAS JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: COLIAS JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	1,109.25	1,109.25
8/25/18	CUETARA JU	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: CUETARA JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	512.75	512.75
8/25/18	CUETARA JU	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: CUETARA JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	280.19	280.19
8/1/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: HEALTH AUG 2018 CALPERS	18,627.87	18,627.87
8/2/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PPE 7.28.18 CALPERS	9,080.50	9,080.50
8/2/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PEPRA PPE 7.28.18 CALPERS	2,810.56	2,810.56
8/2/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SIP PPE 7.28.18 CALPERS	5,438.46	5,438.46
8/3/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2018080101 PAYCHEX, INC.	248.40	248.40
8/10/18	EFT	6111AC 1020SC	FSA PARTICIPANT FEE AUG 2018 PAYCHEX, INC.	115.75	115,75
8/11/18	EFT	2024AC 6012AC 1020SC	EMPLOYEE LIABILITIES PPE 8.11.18 EMPLOYER LIABILITIES PPE 8.11.18 PAYROLL TAXES	17,443.60 3,185.19	20,628.79
8/17/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice. 2018081301 PAYCHEX, INC.	262.05	262.65
8/16/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PPE 8.11.18 CALPERS	9,080.50	9,080.50
8/16/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PEPRA PPE 8.11.18 CALPERS	2,794.07	2,794.07
8/16/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SIP PPE 8.11.18 CALPERS	5,438.46	5,438.46
8/29/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 100000015403620 CALPERS	700.00	700.00
8/29/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SIP PPE 8.25.18 CALPERS	5,438.46	5,438.46
8/29/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PPE 8.25.18 CALPERS	9,080.50	9,080.50
8/29/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PEPRA PPE 8.25.18 CALPERS	2,808.31	2,808.31
8/25/18	EFT	2024AC 6012AC 1020SC	EMPLOYEE LIABILITIES PPE 8.25.18 EMPLOYER LIABILITIES PPE 8.25.18 PAYROLL TAXES	17,050.86 2,873.37	19,924.23

Date	Check#	Account ID	Line Description	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
8/31/18	EFT	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2018082901 PAYCHEX, INC.	245.55	245.55
8/25/18	FEHRENKAM	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: FEHRENKAMP JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	219.00	219.00
8/25/18	FLORENDO J	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: FLORENDO JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	210.30	210.30
8/25/18	FOWLER JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: FOWLER JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	506.95	506.95
8/6/18	HERR JUL 20	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: HERR JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	898.68	898.68
8/25/18	HYER JUL 20	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: HYER JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	393.50	393.50
8/25/18	JONES JUL 20	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: JONES JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	215.63	215.63
8/25/18	JONES JUL 20	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: JONES JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	514.61	514.61
8/25/18	LEE JUL 2018	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: LEE JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	142.30	142.30
8/25/18	MAROVICH J	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: MAROVICH JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	133.43	133.43
8/6/18	NGUYEN JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: NGUYEN JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	170.89	170.89
8/1/18	PASCUAL JU	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PASCUAL JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	341.36	341.36
8/25/18	PATE JUL 201	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: PATE JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	7.99	7.99
8/25/18	RABIDOUX J	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: RABIDOUX JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	36.75	36.75
8/25/18	SANFORD JU	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SANFORD JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	34.00	34.00
8/25/18	SNYDER JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SNYDER JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	1,078.22	1,078.22
8/25/18	SNYDER JUL	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: SNYDER JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	763.97	763.97
8/25/18	WILLINGMY	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: WILLINGMYRE JUL 2018 BANK OF THE WEST	656.13	656.13
8/25/18	WILLINGMY	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: WILLINGMYRE JUL 2018 UMPQUA BANK	72.76	72.76
8/16/18	WIRE 8.16.18	2020SC 1020SC	Invoice: 2012 KUBOTA TRACTOR MT. AIRY EQUIPMENT CO., INC.	45,500.00	45,500.00
	Total			1,622,450.76	1,622,450.76

Marie de la compart de la comp

			Authority G		na stratia, prim ser a se.	in the state of th	W
angling fine	primary and the	\$ \$ C	¥** •	en in Brennett aug in der Der in Brennett aug in der	+E ingress =	W. 2003.3	
a de la companya de La companya de la co			*				
							2.
				and A very		<u>√</u> - 325 °; £	1.
							100
	4.4.4		ar ky	and the species		100	1.5
electricity of the	• •				e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
	* 1.50 pt		, Page	The Shirt Charge		31.452.50	4144
1144			•	ប្រជាជាធិប្បន្នភាពប្រើបា			
				ર વાસ્ત્રીઓ જાસ્કે પ		in di dipina di dia di di	\
			المراجع المراجع		विकास अधिक विकास	1	2 - 2 ^N
	a, Ja					\$ - 0 tes. 65.	i Special
18.19.2				क क्रीकात क्रीम			
	in the state of th			ં સુંદેશ મહાનો 🗀		तः तम्स्यक्तिः	2.0
				The Table	a de la companya de		
		They first		Dala salas de salas de la composición		Disconstant.	vi 1
	4.			an Library Agency	and a substant		
	٠. د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	•. •		and the state of t			1.50
				r - Magica, Adag s			14.1
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1			i in Gardingan, Albin		HIS HOSSIA	111
p projection (in		* 17			The section		
			ester.	and the state of the state of	TE CALLE		i din
				d the time of the specific of			. :
	a the p		##** !!!	in the second of the			1
s. 134.						10.04.2 70.0	
	:00 s	for the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n ing gaan bilikus.	· 一次, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5795
$(\mathbf{e}^{i},\mathbf{A}^{i})=(\mathbf{e}^{i},\mathbf{A}^{i})$			•	and the solution			
					1,2,1,3,1	Z F211344	e erger.
•				នៃសាធិសី នៃស្វីទៀ នន			
			Alta Alta A	ากการครั้งสารก็เหตุการครั้ง การการครั้งสารก็เหตุการครั้ง	panen	a Cara Miles	· · · · ·
	4 han e to			१८८८ , स्टे ब्रुट के जाता कर करता. १८५१ च्या के प्रकार के प्रकार			
<u> </u>		Age of	e e y	en i gravita (* 12 av 51). E	ing the control of t	120 (200)	1475
51.450.4				Zulk komitiko			
	Wales	6 5 Y			1.00	THE COMP. A	3.5
					10년 (11년 1년 1 년 1년		
	1050		erland Boss		100 m	17,0,0,271	3.00
19					tire i	1.7.	
		•	er a kara	and the beginning		45.30	
			****		92.00 V-00.00		
			ಷ ಕ ್ ಚ⊀್ ನ		na na sangaran da kabupatèn da k Kabupatèn da kabupatèn da kabupa	15:2	
	100 m						
	The Company	1. 2.00	:				•
			• .				. •
					and the second s	1 1	

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018							
SUBJECT:	JBJECT: Contract Amendment with Garcia and Associates For Environmental Permit Compliance Services.							
RECOMMEN	NDATION:							
	neral Manager to execute contract add additional task for post-construc							
<u>FINANCIAL</u>	IMPACT:							
Increase conti	ract amount by \$63,976, from \$29,7	744 to \$93,720.						
BACKGROL	IND:							
is anticipated quality sampl the WPCNPC RELEVANC SCWA's control Goal #7 (Natro		ract amendment will extect, and provide the postect. GIC PLAN: r environmental permit octive B (Support and processes) 2025 Strategic Plan.	end the bit-construction	tiological monitoring and water storm water monitoring for the services is consistent with				
	Roland Sanford, General Manag							
	Approved as recommended	Other (see below)		Continued on next page				
Modification	to Recommendation and/or other a	ctions:						
foregoing acti	ford, General Manager and Secreta ion was regularly introduced, passeon September 13, 2018 by the follow	d, and adopted by said E						
Ayes:								
Noes:								
Abstain:								
Absent:								
Roland Sanfo	ord							

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency

en see Alexandra

ા પ્રાપ્ત માને અમે આ પ્રાપ્તિ કરિયા માટે કરિયા માટે મહિલા માં આવેલા જેવા માટે કરિયા કરિયા છે. જેવા કરિયા છે કર માના માત્ર કરિયા કર્યું કરિયા મુજબા જાતા કરિયા માત્રિક હોઈ માત્રામાં માત્ર માર્ગ માત્ર કરિયા માત્ર પ્રાપ્તિ અમ માત્ર કરિયા માત્ર કર્યું કરિયા મુજબા જાતા કરિયા માત્ર કરિયા માત્ર માત્ર માત્ર માત્ર કરિયા માત્ર પ્રાપ્તિ અમેન

and a second of the state of the second of t

्रा भिनेत्र भी तक्षक्ति होती निकार प्रविधानिक होता है है। जिल्हें पान जाता जिले के लिल्हें के किसी होती है किस विचार के अपने के अपने के किसी के किसी

ကို ကျောင်းမှ အေများသည် လေသေးများများမှ မေးချားသည်။ မြောက်သည်း သော မေးသည်။ သည် မြောက်သည် မေးခြောက်ပြီးမှုခြင်း ကြောက်သည် သည်သည် မြန်မာရှိသည်။ မြောက်သည် လူမှာများ မြောက်သည်။ မြောက်သည် မေးချက်သည် မေးချက်သည် သည် မြောက်သည် မြ ကြောက်သည် မြောက်သည် မြောက်သည် သည် မြောက်သည် မြောက်သည်။ မြောက်သည် မေးချက်သည် မေးချက်သည်။ မေးချက်သည် မြောက်သည် မ

મહિલ કુંપ્યાના કરવા છે.

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

AMENDMENT NUMBER:	1	
CONTRACTOR:	Garcia and Associate	es
EFFECTIVE DATE:	September 14, 2018	
PROJECT:	Environmental Perm	it Compliance for Winters Putah Creek Projects
DESCRIPTION OF AMEND	MENT:	
 2. Change scope to Weekly ins Continuou storm-relat Additional Work products Immediate re 	o include post-construct pections of BMPs is monitoring of predicted Project impacts BMP inspections before	
SIGNATURES:		
Solano County Water a Public Agency	Agency,	Garcia and Associates
By:Roland Sanfor General Manag		By:

File: AG-G-9. GANDA

			i lavir i ka			
			4 第 2号29			
					adigio vi	
			सुर्वे के एक देखें इंग्रेड		5:0	
			8.0.	h (Tawing) an Hi		
			ages State aged a	i gregoria de la Companio.		51(1) 2/2
					withing to be	
				To land be		* . I
		•		१५५५७ स्याक्तिक विभिन्न १ १४ वेच १९ स्ट्रीम शब्दार	(1):51	
्रिके अ ल्या का	्रक्षेत्रकृतिहरू स्वेड्यः		i Sant	agun diren te tod saadil leng	in estable	
					Likas FoYi	
		el Lightli		HERE TO SERVED A		
			. •			IRON ANDRE
	a di di di		W.E.	on State of		
\$						
•					undig obselval naka laggidak	

orn rule (y)

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018
SUBJECT:	Purchase of used Bucket Truck for use on Lower Putah Creek
RECOMMEN	NDATION:
Authorize the	General Manager to purchase used 2009 Ford F550 Bucket Truck.
FINANCIAL	IMPACT:
Total cost not Agency budge	to exceed \$40,000. Funding for this purchase is included in the adopted FY 2018-2019 Water et.
BACKGROU	<u>IND</u> :
along Putah C banks reachin Creek watersh	gency needs a bucket truck (man lift) for use with the Water Agency's spray truck to spray arundo creek, to harvest seed from native trees and to flag elderberries and perform other operations on steep g up from the floodplain. The Water Agency has a campaign to eradicate arundo from the Putah ned, funded primarily by grants. Use of the bucket truck for arundo control is reimbursable by the M grant and future grants.
full coverage overhangs the opposite bank the tops of art the spray. Sta	gency uses an herbicide mixture containing glyphosate (Roundup) that works best when applied as a spray to the whorl of leaves at the top of intact plants. Arundo grows up to 30 feet tall and frequently creek channel. A bucket truck would allow staff to spray arundo from above, including from the so that spray is directed away from the channel. Currently, staff lofts the spray from the ground onto undo clumps whereas spraying from above allows better coverage and better control over direction of aff has located a used bucket truck from Altec Nueco - a local (Dixon) manufacturer of bucket trucks fety inspections and is ready to operate. d: Roland Sanford, General Manager
	Approved as recommended Other Continued on next page
Modification	to Recommendation and/or other actions:
that the forego	ford, Interim General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify bing action was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular of held on September 13, 2018 by the following vote:
Ayes:	
Noes:	
Abstain:	
Absent:	

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency

Taraka akang basa aran ng rika - Balifa an ika angal bakasa bakasa bancara gradage governáció og alkálása o literatur

Y SAKU MON

ในเด็ช โดยเกราที่มีการและสำนัก ्राह्म । १ प्रारम्भिक्षा १ ०० (३५) एको १ ५६ रूपा**र्थ**ी हत्। १५ **१५ हिन्**

tables to those a long offered in eachier the period of the China and April of the ા સામાના કે ડ્રાઉક મોફ

CENTER PROPER

There is a national contract that the second of the second or stand the property of the second standing with The Court Carlo Carlo Sept a spill of spilling September or who as a literal wall of the literal ways

the establishment of the entire of the first of the ar alexa da el hellenego di displica pare el 1946. eliteratelise et eli aglissa ji alkalik glassiksi. and the second and the control of the second ा गोर् नेक्षेत्र र पर्ने स्वयं ब्रह्मात्रीकार प्रोह्मात्रीन व्यक्ति कीने and the second of the contract

Light to the first of \$2.

nga shuangan ing merekalah bilangan pada beberapa នេះ បានក្រសាវិការ, របស់ក្រុមច្នេះក្រុមប្រជាជនិកនេះក្រុមនៃ **ក**្រុមប្រឹត្តិ**ក្**ការីអ៊ីន

and a finish of the second of ्यों करियों हो, अने १ सन्यादिक के हिन्दी हो है । र पूर्व हरे हैं। 🛴 जा अनुकारी केन्न विन्तु है उन्हें का पूर्व की है

Theody,

Taken gapt taken de jaliger Mildere til भेजन के राज हैं हैं समित्री के कि कि

्रिया का प्राप्तकृत के प्रतान के प्राप्तक की निकास की किया है। एक कि निकास की स ी विकेश हैं। साथ है के क्षेत्र व्यक्षितिक है है है के दूर के कि है है है at Paris to the statistical field to be larger to the art

ोति । एक क्षेत्रके व र प्रदेशको अन्य स्थिति । ते तेनक्ष्य स्थानिक स्थानिक स्थानिक स्थानिक । าใหย่ 1 ใก้ (Bart 18 10 ใช้ เรียกูล กลอง (abab a Tarac การการการการ Pour a galler till make likt fragtise fig av self melt त्राचित्र । विश्व व्यवस्था कृत कृतिकारी होता मुझ्लें क्यांत्री कार्या । व्यवस्था । कृतको कृत विश्व व्यवस्था विश्व विश्व के विश्व कार्या क्यांत्री क्यांत्री कार्या व्यवस्था ।

alierani a sala garri sala egali da fan Ulijani hjaran di andala

migronal ं भिर्म इति छन्।

en sala fine e

क्षेत्र सर्वेद्रका काल स्वाहित्ये हुन्ति है हिस्सी देश है है है The survivation of the field of the survivation of end per sing

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018		
SUBJECT:	JBJECT: Contract Amendment with Integrated Environmental Restoration Services for additions investigations in support of Putah South Canal Sediment Reuse Study		
RECOMME	NDATION:		
	eneral Manager to execute \$99,000 contract amendment with Integrated Environmental Services for restigations in support of Putah South Canal Sediment Reuse Study.		
FINANCIAL	IMPACT:		
	contract amount by 99,000, from \$48,000 to \$147,000. Funding for this project is included in the y's adopted FY 2018-2019 budget.		
BACKGROU	IND:		
Putah South 6 Much of this Diversion Da number of pranticipated th	gency routinely allocates over \$250,000 a year for removing sediment and aquatic vegetation from the Canal (PSC). In a typical year six to eight thousand cubic yards of material is removed from the PSC. material originates from the interdam reach of Putah Creek (between Monticello Dam and the Putah m) and is typically hauled to a nearby landfill. Over the years the Water Agency has completed a ojects and studies designed to minimize sediment production from the interdam reach, and it is at these efforts will continue for the foreseeable future. However, despite the aforementioned efforts ways be some sediment that accumulates in the PSC, and therefore, a continuing need to remove and diment.		
Recommende	Roland Sanford, General Manager		
	Approved as recommended Other (see below) Continued on next page		
Modification	to Recommendation and/or other actions:		
foregoing act	aford, General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the ion was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting on September 13, 2018 by the following vote:		
Ayes:			
Noes:			
Abstain:			
Absent:			
Roland Sanfo	ord		

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency In recent years some of the sediment has been offered to private landowners, with the remaining material — typically three to four thousand cubic yards — ultimately delivered to a landfill. Landfill disposal can be expensive, particularly if aquatic vegetation is mixed with the sediment, as it frequently is. While the mixture of sediment and aquatic vegetation may be considered waste material when it is in the canal, preliminary field tests strongly suggest that the sediment and aquatic vegetation can be used as an effective soil amendment, particularly when mixed with wood chips and/or walnut waste.

Very positive results have been observed at test plots located on the Water Agency's Petersen Ranch. The next step is to investigate, on a larger scale, whether the canal waste material can be incorporated into riparian habitat restoration projects and/or as a soil amendment for irrigated pasture at the Petersen Ranch.

RELEVANCE TO 2016-2025 SCWA STRATEGIC PLAN:

Initiation of the proposed Putah South Canal Sediment Reuse Study is consistent with Goal 2 (Water Management Infrastructure: Optimize the use of SCWA managed infrastructure) and Objective D (Identify other habitat and watershed stewardship opportunities and implement activities where feasible) of Goal 7 (Natural Resources Stewardship: Develop comprehensive approaches to the stewardship of natural resources) of the 2016-2025 SCWA Strategic Plan.

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

AMENDMENT NUMBER:	1		
CONTRACTOR:	Integrated Environmental Restoration Services (IERS)		
EFFECTIVE DATE:	September 14, 2018		
PROJECT:	Putah South Canal Waste Study		
DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT	Γ:		
 Add scope of work items ide Increase contract amount by 	entified in Exhibit A (attached). \$99,000, from \$48,000 to \$147,000.		
SIGNATURES:			
Solano County Water Agency, A Public Agency	Integrated Environmental Restoration Services		
Ву:	By:		
Roland Sanford, General Manager Solano County Water Agency	Michael Hogan		

EXHIBIT A SCWA IERS Projects and Program Potentials- 2018-2019

Priority	Project	Location(s)	Description	Fur	nding (work da	ys)
				set up	implement	report
1	Adaptive/ Outcome-based management structure	misc	Using existing projects, initially Peterson Ranch, develop a systematic Outcome-Based Management Program as a model	2	3	4
1	Peterson Watershed Assessment	Peterson	Assessment of drainages at Peterson for erosion, erosion related projects and potential habitat mitigation areas and report. This would link to the Outcome-Based Management program		4	3
1	Next Peterson slope plots	Peterson	Using assessment, next plots would be constructed and would utilize plantings for habitat potential.	1	5	2
	Peterson Ranch Riparian Management Plan	Peterson	Work with Gerald Hearne to design riparian and other habitat management systems	2	4	2
2	Canal Plot assessment	PSC	Monitoring of existing revegetation plots on PSC	1	5	3
	Planting plots soil root assessment	peterson	excavate side of planting trirals to determine root penetration	1	1	1
1	Canal and Walnut Waste staging	PDO	Develop stockpiling and mixing program of PSC waste at PDO	1	1	
1	Riparian Forest initial planting	Peterson	Plant < Lac riparian planting on low area on Peterson	3	6	3
1	Next phase Valley Oak planting	Peterson	Develop valley oak planting at Peterson based on compand plots	1	3	1
2	Wimmer slope re-treatment	Wimmei	Re-treat Wimmer steep slope using full soil treatment	1	3	1
2	Putah S Canal Slope plots	PSC	Install small test plots on Putah South Canal to test canal waste plus xx, to determine if those slopes can be successfully stabilized w Canal waste.		5	3
2	Peterson Canal Waste Surface App	Peterson	This would test the potenital for canal waste to enhance forage grass growth either through more growth and/or longer season Rip Disc Till Surface	3	4	2
3	Ulatis <u>steep slope</u>	Ulatis Canal	Pleasant's first then Ulatis, Ulatis for biological habitat and primary productivity, using ulatis to target areas in Cache Slough	funded	funded	
ı	1			18	44	25
				\$ 18,270.00	\$ 44,660.00	\$ 25,375.0

budget to nearest 10k and description Names Source water protection program Canal waste management

SUB TOTAL	\$ 88,305.00
 Travel time (estimate) 12 trips	\$6,720.00
4 hrs x 2 x \$70/hr	
Mileage 170 miles winters	\$2,419.80

30 miles winters to Peterson Ranch Use 185 miles

0.545/mi
Per diem i30/day x 50 days \$1,500.00

TOTAL \$98,944.80

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018
SUBJECT:	Confirm Rejection of Pleasure Cove Marina Claim
RECOMMEN	IDATION: Confirm rejection of Pleasure Cove Marina claim dated July 25, 2018.
INANCIAL	IMPACT: None
BACKGROU	ND:
Mr. Trieber ". Lake Berryess ow lying meta Pleasure Cove California Tor he Monticello	ieber is suing Pleasure Cove Marina. According to the law firm representing Pleasure Cove Marina,suffered personal injury, including but not limited to injury to his right big toewhen he entered as while playing with his friends on a floating island". Mr. Trieber alleges that his toe was cut on a all cable submerged underneath the water and is claiming premises liability and negligence against a Marina. Pleasure Cove Marina has in turn filed a claim against the Water Agency pursuant to the tot Claims Act, asserting that "Solano County Water Agency operates, maintains, and administers to Dam which created Lake Berryessa, therefore is responsible for Plaintiff's alleged injury from a ble in the lake waters and lakebed".
	ency does not own, operate or maintain any such cables or floating islands described by Mr. Trieber, e near Pleasure Cove Marina.
Recommende	d: Roland Saprord, General Manager
	Approved as recommended Other See below) Continued on next page
Modification (to Recommendation and/or other actions:
oregoing acti	ford, General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the on was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting n September 13, 2018 by the following vote:
Ayes:	
Noes:	
Abstain:	
Absent:	
Roland Sanfor	

Roland Sanford
General Manager & Secretary to the
Solano County Water Agency

Action Item No. 2018-Agenda Item No. 5F

Water Agency counsel reviewed Pleasure Cove Marina's claim against the Water Agency and recommended it be rejected. Due to timing – the claim was received and reviewed just prior to the August Board meeting and a response was due by September 3, just prior to the regularly scheduled September Board meeting, the General Manager, at counsel's recommendation, issued the attached claim rejection letter to Pleasure Cove Marina dated August 13, 2018. Had the rejection letter not been sent prior to the September 3 deadline the claim would have been accepted, by default, by the Water Agency. Staff is recommending the Board confirm, for the record, the decision to reject the claim submitted to the Water Agency by Pleasure Cove Marina. Alternatively, though not recommended, the Board could rescind the claim rejection letter and accept the aforementioned claim.

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

August 13, 2018

Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC c/o Chelsea D. Yuan, Esq. Gibson Robb & Lindh LLP 201 Mission Street, Suite 2700 San Francisco, California 94105

Re: <u>Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC's July 25, 2018 Government Claims Act</u> Claim

Dear Ms. Yuan:

Notice is hereby given that the above claim, dated July 25, 2018, which you presented to the Solano County Water Agency with your letter dated July 25, 2018, was rejected on August 13, 2018.

WARNING

Subject to certain exceptions, you have only 6 months after the date this notice was personally delivered or deposited in the mail to file a court action on the claim. See Government Code Section 945.6.

You may seek the advice of an attorney of your choice in connection with this matter. If you desire to consult an attorney, you should do so immediately.

This notice applies only to causes of action for which a claim is mandated by California Government Code Sections 900, et. seq. Other causes of action, including those arising under federal law, if any, may have shorter time limitations for filing.

Sincerely

810 Vaca Valley Parkway, Suite 203 Vacaville, CA 95688 (707) 451-6090 Fax (707) 451-6099 Scwa2.com



G. Geoffrey Robb Joshua E. Kirsch Michael J. Cummins Jennifer T. Sanchez Marker E. Lovell, Jr. * Joshua A. Southwick Michelle L. Tommey Chelsea D. Yuan Marisa G. Huber C. Joseph Ou Anna G. Wald

* Also Admitted in Hawaii

GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP

201 Mission Street, Suite 2700 San Francisco, CA 94105

www.gibsonrobb.com

Writer's Direct Dial (415) 979-2326

Of Counsel

Stanley L. Gibson

Peter A. Lindh

Telephone (415) 348-6000

Facsimile (415) 348-6001

cyuan@gibsonrobb.com

July 25, 2018



Via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested:

Solano County Water Agency 810 Vaca Valley Parkway, Suite 203 Vacaville, CA 95688

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

Re:

Robert Trieber v. Pleasure Cove Marina, L.L.C.

Napa County Superior Court Case No. 17CV001436

Our File No. 8004.79

To Whom It May Concern,

This will serve as notice of PLEASURE COVE MARINA, LLC's claim against the SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY pursuant to the California Tort Claims Act (California Government Code §§810-996.6).

On behalf of Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, we hereby demand that the Solano County Water Agency indemnify Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, in the event that Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, is found to be negligent and have any liability to Plaintiff Robert Trieber in connection with Napa County Superior Court Case No. 17CV001436 entitled Robert Trieber, Plaintiff, v. Pleasure Cove Marina, L.L.C., and Does 1-25 inclusive (non-limited civil case). Enclosed please find a copy of Plaintiff's Complaint, as well as the Answer filed by our office on behalf of Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, demonstrating that our office is the legal representative of Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, in this matter.

Robert Trieber v. Pleasure Cove Marina, L.L.C.

July 25, 2018 Page 2 of 2

Re:

Plaintiff Robert Trieber is alleging that he suffered personal injury, including but not limited to injury to his right big toe, on June 18, 2016, at about 5:00 p.m., when he entered Lake Berryessa while playing with his friends on a floating island. He alleges that his toe was cut on a low lying metal cable submerged underneath the water. According to Plaintiff's discovery responses, it appeared that "the cable was likely discarded from a prior year's use, as it was not attached to anything in a direct manner." Plaintiff is claiming premises liability and negligence against Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC.

Solano County Water Agency operates, maintains, and administers the Monticello Dam which created Lake Berryessa, and therefore is responsible for Plaintiff's alleged injury from a submerged cable in the lake waters and lakebed.

In discovery responses, Plaintiff stated his damages to be \$500,000, including pain, suffering, and inconvenience; emotional distress; and medical expenses. He is also making a claim for future medical expenses but has not specified an amount, instead stating, "Per expert(s)." Attached please find a copy of Plaintiff's statement of damages.

Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC, hereby submits this claim for indemnity within six months of service of Plaintiff's complaint in full compliance with California Government Code §901. The date of service was February 26, 2018. Therefore, the claim is timely.

Please address your response to Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC's claim to our attention. Please contact our office with any questions that you may have.

Very truly yours,

GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP

Chelsea D. Yuan 🗸

CDY/cll Enclosures

Claim Form

(A claim shall be presented by the claimant or by a person acting on his behalf.)

NAME	E OF DISTRICT: Solano County Water Agency	
1	Claimant name, address (mailing address if different), phone number, social secu- Effective January 1, 2010, the Medicare Secondary Payer Act (Federal Law) requi- payments for bodily injury and/or medical treatments to Medicare. As such, if you social Security Number and your date of birth.	ires the District/Agency to report all claims involving
	Name: Pleasure Cove Marina, LLC	Phone Number: (415) 348-6000
	Address(es): c/o Chelsea D. Yuan, Esq.	Social Security No.: N/A
	GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP	Date of Birth: N/A
	201 Mission Street, Suite 2700, San Francisco, CA 94105	E-mail: cyuan@gibsonrobb.com
2	List name, address, and phone number of any witnesses.	
	Name: Robert Trieber	
	Address: c/o Doug Atkinson, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES,	, 710 Central Ave., San Francisco, CA 94117
	Phone Number: (415) 793-7819	
3	List the date, time, place, and other circumstances of the occurrence or transac	ction, which gave rise to the claim asserted.
	Date: 6/18/16 Time: 5:00 p.m. Place: Lake Berryessa	
	Tell What Happened (give complete information): Plaintiff Robert Trieber filed suit is	in Napa County Superior Court against Pleasure Cove Marina
	alleging premises liability and negligence. Trieber claims that he suffered personal	al injury, including but not limited to injury to his right big toe,
	on 6/18/16 at 5:00 p.m., when he entered Lake Berryessa while playing with his fri	
ļ	metal cable submerged underneath the water. Attached please find Plaintiff's Con	nplaint and letter from Pleasure Cove Marina's counsel for
	more information.	
	NOTE: Attach any photographs you may ha	ave regarding this claim.
4	Give a general description of the indebtedness, obligation, injury, damage, or loss presentation of the claim.	incurred so far as it may be known at the time of
	Pleasure Cove Marina demands that Solano County Water Agency indemnify Pleasure	asure Cove Marina in the event that Pleasure Cove Marina
	is found to be negligent and have any liability to Plaintiff Robert Trieber in connecti	ion with the Napa County Superior Court Case No.
1	17CV001436. Please see attached documents for more information.	
5	Give the name or names of the public employee or employees causing the injury, or	damage, or loss, if known.
[The names of the Solano County Water Agency employees are not currently know	m.
	The amount claimed if it totals less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) as of the diamount of any prospective injury, damage or loss, insofar as it may be known at the basis of computation of the amount claimed. If the amount claimed exceeds ten the in the claim. However, it shall indicate whether the claim would be a limited civil case.	e time of the presentation of the claim, together with the ousand dollars (\$10,000), no dollar amount shall be included
-	The Indemnity claim exceeds \$10,000 based on the underlying case of Trieber v. P	Pleasure Cove Marina (non-limited civil case) and Trieber's
	claimed damages therein.	
Date: J	uly 25, 2018 Time: 3:40 p.m., Signature: Children	per
	ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS. OMITTING INFORMATION COULD MAKE	E YOUR CLAIM LEGALLY INSUFFICIENT!

- 3. At all times mentioned, Defendant was in possession and control of the above-described premises and operated a resort operation on the premises.
- 4. Being a resort operation whose patrons were business invitees of Defendant Pleasure Cove, Defendant had a duty to keep its premises safe for patrons' use.
- 5. On June 18, 2016, at or about 5:00 pm, Plaintiff Trieber was a business invitee of Defendant and was seriously injured by a dangerous condition on the premises, to wit, there was a steel cable submerged in the lake not visible to Defendant's business invitees. When Plaintiff Trieber entered the lake, the subject steel cable sliced open his right big toe causing heavy bleeding and severing the nerve.
 - 6. The premises were maintained by Defendant in a negligent manner.
- 7. Defendant's acts and/or omissions caused a dangerous and hazardous condition to exist on the premises, to wit, a submerged steel cable with the capacity to cause grievous injury to business invitees swimming in the lake.
- 8. The Defendant had both actual and constructive notice of the above condition.
- 9. Plaintiff sustained a permanent injury to the nerve of his right big toe that has caused permanent damage and disability.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:

- For general damages according to proof;
- For medical and related expenses according to proof;
- 3. For pre- and/or post-judgment interest, where pursuant to California law;
- 4. For other economic damages according to proof;
- For costs of suit herein incurred;
- 6. For such other and further relief as the court may deem just and proper.

Í	
1	Plaintiff further prays for a trial by jury.
2	
3	
4	Dated: December 14, 2017
5	WAAA'
б	K. DOUGLAS ATKINSON, ESQ. ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES
7	ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES Attorneys for Plaintiff
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff ROBERT TRIEBER
9	
10	
13	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25 26	
27	·
28	
	3 Complaint for Damages Premises Liability
	Complaint for Dallages " Combon Discours,

1 2 3 4 5	MARKER E. LOVELL (208659) CHELSEA D. YUAN (240559) GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP 201 Mission Street, Suite 2700 San Francisco, California 94105 Telephone: (415) 348-6000 Facsimile: (415) 348-6001 Email: mlovell@gibsonrobb.com cyuan@gibsonrobb.com	FILED 3/16/2018 11:05 AM Clerk of the Napa Superior Court By: Bethsaida Lopez, Deputy
6 7	Attorneys for Defendant PLEASURE COVE MARINA, LLC	
8		
9		OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10		HE COUNTY OF NAPA
11	CIVIL	UNLIMITED)
12	ROBERT TRIEBER,) Case No. 17CV001436
13	Plaintiff,)) DEFENDANT PLEASURE COVE
15	,) MARINA, L.L.C.'S ANSWER TO) PLAINTIFF ROBERT TRIEBER'S
16	v.	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES
17	PLEASURE COVE MARINA, L.L.C., and DOES 1-25, inclusive,)))
18	Defendants.	}
19) Complaint filed: December 19, 2017
20	D. A. J. DYELGINE COURTAIN	
21		NA, LLC ("Defendant") answers the unverified
22	Complaint of Plaintiff ROBERT TRIEBER (•
23		Procedure § 431.30(d), Defendant generally denies
24	, ,	aint. Defendant further denics, both generally and
25		will be damaged as alleged or otherwise by an act
26	,	or will be entitled to any relief against Defendant as
27	alleged or otherwise.	
28	DEFENDANT PLEASURE COVE MARINA, L.L.C.'S ANSWER T Case No. 17CV001436; Our File No. 8004.79	TO PLAINTIFF ROBERT TRIEBER'S COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Complaint, and each and every cause of action purported to be set forth therein, fails to allege facts sufficient to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant alleges that Plaintiff failed and refused to take reasonable steps to avoid, remedy, cure, or mitigate his damages as alleged in Plaintiff's Complaint, and is therefore now barred from any recovery in the present action as a result of and to the extent of such failure and refusal.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff did not exercise ordinary care, caution, or prudence in this incident and the resulting accident and damages, if any, were proximately caused and contributed to by Plaintiff's own negligence.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The incident involved herein and any resulting injuries or damages, if any, were caused or contributed to by acts and/or omissions of third parties over whom Defendant has no control.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's Complaint, and each cause of action thereof, is barred on the grounds that

Defendant's property and/or conduct referred to in the Complaint were not a substantial factor in
bringing about the injuries and damages complained of by Plaintiff.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by applicable statutes of immunity, including but not limited to California Civil Code §846.

111

26 ///

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

27 | 1//

28 ///

 Plaintiff assumed the risk of injury and/or damages resulting from the matters set forth in Plaintiff's Complaint and said assumption of the risk by Plaintiff was the proximate and/or legal cause of Plaintiff's damages, if any, and either bars or proportionately reduces Plaintiff's right to recovery, if any.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are barred by the doctrines of waiver and estoppel.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The damages complained of in Plaintiff's Complaint, if and to the extent they occurred, the occurrence of which is expressly denied, were solely caused or contributed to by Plaintiff's own recklessness, carelessness, and/or negligence. Plaintiff's recovery from Defendant, if any, must be reduced by his comparative fault.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's damages, if any, were caused solely or contributed to by Plaintiff's failure to exercise due care for his own safety, and his damages should be reduced accordingly.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant denies that Plaintiff has sustained any damage or loss by reason of any act, error, omission, or strict liability on the part of Defendant, because the damages complained of in Plaintiff's Complaint, if and to the extent they occurred, were solely caused or contributed to by the conduct of third parties for which Defendant is not responsible. If it is established that Plaintiff suffered any damage or loss and that Defendant is liable in any amount or at all to Plaintiff, which Defendant denies, the amount of any such damage or loss must be apportioned according to Plaintiff's comparative negligence among others whose negligence and improper acts caused and contributed to such damage or loss suffered by Plaintiff.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The incident and Plaintiff's damages, if any, were proximately caused by an unforeseeable, independent, intervening and/or superseding event beyond the control of, and unrelated to any conduct of, Defendant.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Defendant claims the benefit of any and all provisions of any contracts, agreements, and/or any other writing among the parties to the subject action.

25 ///

111

111

21

22

23

24

26

27 1//

28 //

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

(California Code of Civil Procedure § 1013a)

I am employed in the City and County of San Francisco by the law firm of GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP, 201 Mission Street, Suite 2700, San Francisco, California 94105. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. I am readily familiar with the practice of GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP with respect to the collection and processing of pleadings, discovery documents, motions and all other documents which must be served upon opposing parties or other counsel in litigation. The below-described document(s) will be deposited in the ordinary course of the business of GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP with the United States Postal Service on the same date as I sign this document. On March 16, 2018, I served the within DEFENDANT PLEASURE COVE MARINA, L.L.C.'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF ROBERT TRIEBER'S COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES in said action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with first class postage thereon fully prepaid addressed as follows:

K. Douglas Atkinson, Esq. ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES 710 Central Avenue San Francisco, CA 94117

Attorney for Plaintiff ROBERT TRIEBER

Following the ordinary business practices of GIBSON ROBB & LINDH LLP, I placed the aforesaid envelope in the place for collection and mailing on the date specified.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on March 16, 2018, at San Francisco, California.

Carrie Lindle

- DO NOT FILE WITH THE COURT-

-UNLESS YOU ARE APPLYING FOR A DEFAULT JUDGMENT UNDER CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE § 585 -

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name and Address): K. Douglas Atkinson, Esq., SBN 264790	TELEPHONE NO.: 415-793-7819	FOR COURT USE ONLY
ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES	T1J-17J-1017	
710 Central Avenue		
San Francisco, CA 94117		
ATTORNEY FOR (namo): Plaintiff Robert Trieber SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF NA	LDA	
STREET ADDRESS: 825 Brown Street	NFA.	
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Napa, CA 94559 BRANCH NAME:		
PLAINTIFF: Robert Trieber		
DEFENDANT: Pleasure Cove Marina, L.L.C., et al STATEMENT OF DAMAG		CASE NUMBER:
(Personal Injury or Wrongful		17 CV 001436
To (name of one defendant only): Pleasure Cove Marin	ia, L.L.C.	
Plaintiff (name of one plaintiff only): Robert Trieber seeks damages in the above-entitled action, as follows:		
1. General damages		AMOUŅT
a. Pain, suffering, and inconvenience		\$ 500,000.00
b. 🗹 Emotional distress.		
c. Loss of consortium		
d. Loss of sociey and companionship (wrongful de-	ath actions only)	\$
e. Other (specify)		_
f. Other (specify)		_
g. Continued on Attachment 1.g.		
2. Special damages		
a. Medical expenses (to date)		
b. Future medical expenses (present value)		
c. Loss of earnings (to date)	***************************************	\$
d. Loss of future earning capacity (present value)		
e. Property damage		\$
f. Funeral expenses (wrongful death actions only)		\$
g. Huture contributions (present value) (wrongful de	eath actions only)	\$
h. Walue of personal service, advice, or training (w	rongful death actions only)	\$
i. Other (specify)		\$
j. Other (specify)		\$
k. Continued on Attachment 2.k.		
 Punitive damages: Plaintiff reserves the right to s when pursuing a judgment in the suit filed against y 		naunt of (specify) \$
Date: April 10, 2018	k √0 €0	PAA .
Robert Trieber	_ P	LVYMOON
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME) (Proof	(signation of service on reverse)	URE OF PLAINTIFF OR ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF) Page 1 of 2

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California CIV-050 [Rov. January 1, 2007]

STATEMENT OF DAMAGES (Personal Injury or Wrongful Death) Cade of Civil Procedure, §§ 425.11, 425.115

		C1V-U
PLAINTIFF: Robert Trieber		CASE NUMBER:
DEFENDANT: Pleasure Cove Marina, L.L.C., o	et al.	17 CV 001436
(After having the other party served as described below the documents complete this Proof of Service. Plaintiff of		ed in item 1, have the person who served
I. I served the a. Statement of Damages Other (specify)	y):	
b. on (name): c. by serving defendant other (name a	and title or relationship to person se	rved):
d. by delivery at home at busin (1) date: (2) time: (3) address:	ness	
e. by mailing (1) date: (2) place:		
2. Manner of service (check proper box):		
a. Personal service. By personally delivering b. Substituted service on corporation, unin leaving, during usual office hours, copies in charge and thereafter mailing (by first-class copies were left. (CCP § 415.20(a)) c. Substituted service on natural person, m	corporated association (including the office of the person served with mail, postage prepaid) copies to the	the person who apparently was in e person served at the place where the
usual place of abode, or usual place of businousehold or a person apparently in charge informed of the general nature of the papers person served at the place where the copies stating acts relied on to establish reason	ness of the person served in the pre of the office or place of business, a s, and thereafter mailing (by first-cla s were left. (CCP § 415.20(b)) (Atta	esence of a competent member of the at least 18 years of age, who was ss mail, postage prepaid) copies to the ach separate declaration or affidavit
d. Mail and acknowledgment service. By ma served, together with two copies of the form addressed to the sender. (CCP § 415.30) (A	of notice and acknowledgment and	s a return envelope, postage prepaid,
e. Certified or registered mail service. By many requiring a return receipt) copies to the person evidence of actual delivery to the person	on served. (CCP § 415.40) (Attach	nia (by first-class mail, postage prepaid, signed return receipt or other
f. Other (specify code section): additional page is attached.		
3. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age at 4. Fee for service: \$	nd not a party to this action.	
5. Person serving:		
a. California sheriff, marshal, or constable b. Registered California process server c. Employee or independent contractor of a rec	county of regis	and telephone number and, if applicable, stration and number:
d. Not a registered California process server e. Exempt from registration under Bus. & Prof. § 22350(b)	Code	
declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.		heriff, marshal, or constable use only) pregoing is true and correct.
Date:	Date:	
b	•	
(SIGNATURE)	<u> </u>	(SIGNATURE)

	11								
. 1	K. DOUGLAS ATKINSON, ESQ., SBN 2643 ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES	790							
2	710 Central Avenue								
3	San Francisco, CA 94117 Telephone: (415) 793-7819 Facsimile: (415) 440-7819								
4	doug@accidentlawsf.com								
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff ROBERT TRIEBER								
6	SUPERIOR COUR	T OF CALIFORNIA							
7	COUNTY OF NAPA (UN	LIMITED JURISDICTION)							
8		·							
9	ROBERT TRIEBER,	Case No.: 17 CV 001436							
10	Plaintiff,	PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANT'S REQUEST FOR							
11	V.	STATEMENT OF DAMAGES							
12	PLEASURE COVE MARINA, LLC., and								
13	DOES 1-25, inclusive,	:							
14	Defendants.								
15 16									
17		1							
18									
19	TO DEFENDANT AND ITS ATTORNEYS C								
20	PLAINTIFF ROBERT TRIEBER HEREBY I	RESPONDS TO DEFENDANT PLEASURE							
21	COVE MARINA, LLC'S REQUEST FOR ST	ATEMENT OF DAMAGES AS FOLLOWS:							
22	Plaintiff objects to this Request on th	e grounds and to the extent that it seeks in							
23	formation protected from disclosure by the	attorney work-product and attorney clien							
24	privileges, and on the grounds and to the extent that it seeks the premature disclosure								
25	of experts, and documents within the possession of plaintiff's retained expert consult-								
26	ants, in violation of C.C.P. § 2034.210 et seg. Plaintiff further objects to this Request								
27	on the grounds that Plaintiff shall not be limited at trial by the damages set forth in a								
28	Statement of Damages as held in Damele								
LAW OFFICES OF ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES	-1-								

OBJECTION TO DEFENDANT'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DAMAGES

OBJECTION TO DEFENDANT'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DAMAGES

ASSOCIATES

PROOF OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to this action. My business address is LAW OFFICES OF ATKINSON & ASSOCIATES, 710 Central Avenue, San Francisco, 94117. I served, or caused to be served, the following:

	PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTION TO, AND STATEMENT OF DAMAGES
	by transmitting on this date via email the above listed document(s).
_	by placing a true copy of the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope, with postage fully prepaid, into U.S. Mail addressed as set forth below.
	by causing personal delivery of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) as set forth below.
	by Federal Express for delivery the following business day by placing same for collection in a Federal Express Deposit Box/Office to the business address set forth below.
[mlovell@gibs cyuan@gibs Marker E. Lo Chelsea D. Y Gibson Robb 201 Mission	: (415) 348-6001] psonrobb.com pnrobb.com] pvell, Esq.
l decla	are under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
above is true	and correct. Executed on 4/1/, 2018, at San Francisco,
California.	K. Douglas Atkinson

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018
SUBJECT:	Continuation of Lower Putah Creek Salmon Study
RECOMMEN	NDATIONS:
	eneral Manager to sign \$130,000 contract amendment with UC Davis for continuation of Lower Putan Study through FY 2018-2019.
FINANCIAL	IMPACT:
\$130, 000; su	officient funds are available in the FY 2018-2019 Solano Project budget.
BACKGROU	JND:
The primary process to be coming esta Creek are those successfully significantly provided by the successfully significantly as and how the State of the successfully significantly provided by the successful suc	gency has contracted with UC Davis to conduct the ongoing Putah Creek Chinook Salmon Study. purpose of the study is to determine whether a self-sustaining Chinook Salmon population is ablished in Lower Putah Creek. Most if not all of the adult salmon observed to date in Lower Putah ought to be hatchery strays. Although it is now well established that these adult salmon are able to spawn and produce juveniles, it remains unclear when and under what circumstances their progeny - leave Lower Putah Creek for the ocean and eventually return as adults. The answer to this question significant role in our collective ability to obtain future grant restoration funds for Lower Putah Creek State and Federal fishery agencies view Lower Putah Creek with respect to Solano Project operations intext of the 2006 Bay Delta Plan Update and restoration of the Bay Delta ecosystem. Roland Sanfard, General Manager
	Approved as Other Continued on recommended (see below) X next page
Modification	to Recommendation and/or other actions:
foregoing acti	nford, General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the tion was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting on September 13, 2018 by the following vote:
Ayes:	
Noes:	
Abstain:	
Absent:	
	ord lager & Secretary to the

Action Item No. 2018-Agenda Item No. 5G

The Water Agency has an existing contract with UC Davis for fisheries investigations performed for the Lower Putah Creek Coordinating Committee (the Water Agency is a member of the Lower Putah Creek Coordinating Committee and serves as the Committee's fiscal agent). The original contract was for \$69,019 and was signed in 2003. Since then there have been five contract amendments, which collectively have increased the contract value from \$69,019 to \$460,708. The proposed \$130,000 contract amendment (see attached) for the Lower Putah Creek Salmon Study would be the sixth contract amendment and the second that was for work funded by the Water Agency, as opposed to the LPCCC.

RELEVANCE TO 2016-2025 SCWA STRATEGIC PLAN:

The proposed contract amendment is consistent with Objective B (Support and promote Lower Putah Creek Coordinating Committee (LPCCC) programs and projects) of Goal 7 (Natural Resources Stewardship: Develop comprehensive approaches to the stewardship of natural resources) of the 2016-2025 SCWA Strategic Plan

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

AMENDMENT NUMBER:	6						
CONTRACTOR:	UC Davis Contract #03-00206VR						
EFFECTIVE DATE:	September 14, 2018						
PROJECT:	Lower Putah Creek Chinook Salmon Study						
DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT	?:						
	I in Exhibit A. by \$130,000, from \$460,708 to \$590,708 for continuation of Salmon Study through fiscal year 2018-2019.						
SIGNATURES:							
Solano County Water Agency, A Public Agency	The Regents of the University of CA						
By:	By: Brian D. Russ Contracts & Grants Officer						

Origin and Abundance of Fall-Run Chinook Salmon in Putah Creek

Peter Moyle, Michael Miller, Gabriel Singer, and Eric Chapman

University of California, Davis

Background & Objectives

Putah Creek historically supported a population of fall run Chinook salmon Oncorhynchus tshawytscha (Yoshiyama et al. 2000). Monticello Dam was completed in 1957, preventing access to spawning habitat in the Berryessa Valley. During low flow conditions of the 1990s, fall-run Chinook salmon were only occasionally present in the creek in very small numbers. Recently, Putah Creek has been actively managed to promote salmon returns and spawning conditions in the creek. On average, surveys found fewer than 10 Chinook salmon in Putah Creek (Moyle 2015). However, in the fall of 2014 Chinook salmon numbers were estimated to be around 200 individuals (Moyle 2015) and in the fall of 2015 there were an estimated 700 spawners in the creek (Peter Moyle, pers. comm.). We propose to genotype and assign juvenile Chinook salmon to parental pairs which will enable us to develop a pedigree for Putah Creek Chinook salmon. We will be able to determine if fish are full or half siblings (sibships) and estimate successful spawner abundance. By sampling adults in Putah Creek we will learn if the fish are strays from hatcheries each year or if some of the offspring spawned in Putah Creek are returning to their natal stream. We will also learn more about the timing of juvenile outmigration, juvenile survival, and environmental factors associated with migration and mortality. It is likely that information will also be collected on out-migrations of juvenile Pacific lamprey as well.

This project will be multi-disciplinary and will involve cross-campus and agency collaboration. We have been communicating with Colin Purdy in the North Central Region of the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW). His office has agreed to lend us one of their backup Rotary Screw Traps contingent upon 1) a scientific collecting permit being in place, 2) us agreeing to pull the trap should DFW need it, and 3) a Memorandum of Understanding being signed that places the liability of replacing or repairing the trap on the Solano County Water Agency. The Solano County Water Agency has agreed to sign the MOU in the unlikely event it is damaged beyond repair. Three laboratories (Moyle, Klimley, and Miller) at the University of California Davis will be collaborating on this project.

Methods/Techniques

We propose to determine the outmigration timing and relative abundance of juvenile Chinook salmon by operating a rotary screw trap (RST) in lower Putah Creek. We also propose to determine outmigration survival by injecting each fish caught in the RST with a Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag. We will deploy PIT tag. antennas in at least two locations below the RST to determine survival through each reach, and hope to deploy two stations above the trap. We would like to capture some juveniles that are rearing in the upper reaches to look at their movements from their rearing habitat down through Putah Creek. We have 8-10 PIT tag antennas that we can use on the project, and will likely need to deploy two to three in each location. We will tend the RST a minimum of once daily, increasing to two times per day during peak emigration and/or high flows as necessary to clean the trap and minimize any predation in the trap. We will evacuate the stomach contents of any predator greater than 70mm by pulsed gastric lavage (Hartleb and Moring 1995). If we find that we are capturing more predators than expected, and that they are consuming juvenile salmon, we will add cover to the live box to provide protection from these predators or increase frequency of trap checking. Each time the trap is tended we will collect the following data: revolutions of the cone, amount of debris, water velocity, water temperature, dissolved oxygen, fish counts by species, and mortalities in the trap. We will collect information on any mortalities in an attempt to determine if the mortality was prior to or after being captured in the trap. We will install a temperature logger in the trap and compare it with daily measurements taken with a handheld YSI meter. Temperature information will be used to determine whether or not there is a correlation with emigration timing and temperature. Prior to the season, and

EXHIBIT A

Origin and Abundance of Chinook Salmon in Putah Creek

2018/2019 Proposal

Peter Moyle, Andrew Rypel, Nann Fangue, and Michael Miller

University of California, Davis

Background & Objectives(5)

Putah Creek historically supported a population of fall-run Chinook salmon, Oncorhynchus tshawytscha (Yoshiyama et al. 2000). Monticello Dam was completed in 1957, preventing access to spawning habitat in the Berryessa Valley. During low flow conditions of the 1990s, fall-run Chinook salmon were only occasionally present in the creek in very small numbers. Recently, Putah Creek has been actively managed to promote salmon returns and spawning conditions in the creek. Prior to 2014, surveys found fewer than 10 Chinook salmon on average in Putah Creek (Moyle 2015). However, in fall 2014 Chinook salmon numbers increased and were estimated to be around 200 individuals (Moyle 2015), and in fall 2015, there were an estimated 700 spawners in the creek (Peter Moyle, unpublished). While most of these fish have been identified as 'strays' of Fall-Run Chinook from Central Valley hatcheries, some individuals may be a result of natural spawning in the creek or, based on run timing, strays of Late Fall Run Chinook. Furthermore, little is known on outmigration survival rates of juvenile salmon from Putah Creek, even though this type of information is actively being used for salmon management in other rivers in the Central Valley. Additional information on Putah Creek salmon would help determine the potential for Putah Creek to develop a fully self-sustaining run of Chinook salmon. Specific key questions about the Putah Creek salmon run include: (1) Are the adults all of hatchery origin or are some the result of natural spawning in the creek? (2) Are other runs (spring, late-fall) represented in the spawners? (3) Do the juveniles observed every year survive to return as adults? (4) What is the age and size of out-migrant juveniles? (5) When and why do the juveniles move out of the creek? (6) Are the juveniles present during the summer managing to migrate out of the system in fall? and (7) Are steelhead still present in Putah Creek?

In the past two years, we have developed a more systematic program of surveying abundance of juvenile outmigrants and adult carcasses, although high flows in 2016 limited sampling.

We propose to continue our sampling program for juvenile and adult Chinook salmon to estimate timing of juvenile outmigration, survival, and environmental factors associated with migration and mortality. We also propose to genotype and assign juvenile Chinook salmon to parental pairs which will enable us to develop a pedigree for Putah Creek Chinook salmon. We will be able to determine if fish are full or half siblings (sibships) and estimate successful spawner abundance. By sampling adult salmon in Putah Creek, we will then learn if the fish are strays from hatcheries each year or if some offspring spawned in Putah Creek are returning to Putah Creek as a natal stream.

Finally, we propose an analysis of existing electrofishing data on Putah Creek fishes collected over time each fall by Normandeau Associates. A synthesis of these data has long been lacking and an important goal from this work will be to see if native fishes have shown further expansion of their range and abundance in Putah Creek (beyond what is shown in Kiernan et al., 2012), as well as how the native and non-native fishes have responded to restoration projects, drought, and high flows.

This project will be multi-disciplinary and will involve cross-campus and agency collaboration. We have been communicating with Colin Purdy in the North Central Region of the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW). His office has agreed to lend us one of their backup Rotary Screw Traps contingent upon 1) a scientific collecting permit being in place, 2) us agreeing to pull the trap should DFW need it, and 3) a Memorandum of Understanding being signed that places the liability of replacing or repairing the trap on the Solano County Water Agency. The Solano County Water Agency has agreed to sign the MOU in the unlikely event it is damaged beyond repair. Four labs (Moyle, Fangue, Rypel, and Miller) at the University of California Davis will be collaborating on this project.

Methods

Juvenile Sampling

We propose estimating outmigration timing and relative abundance of juvenile Chinook salmon by continued operation of a rotary screw trap (RST) in lower Putah Creek (Hasbrook Weir). We also propose to determine outmigration survival by surgically implanting a Juvenile Salmon Acoustic Telemetry (JSATS) transmitter in fish caught in the RST. Similar to 2017/2018, we will deploy JSATS receivers in at least two locations below the RST (Russell Ranch and Below Los Rios Check Dam) to determine survival of salmon to the Toe Drain. We will tend the RST a minimum of once daily, increasing to two times per day during peak emigration and/or high flows as necessary to clean the trap and minimize any predation in the trap. Each time the trap is tended, we will collect the following data: cone revolutions, quantity of debris, water velocity, water temperature, dissolved oxygen, fish counts by species, and mortalities. We will install a temperature logger in the trap and also collect daily readings taken with a handheld YSI meter. Temperature information will be used to determine whether a correlation exists between temperature and timing of juvenile salmon emigration. In addition to these data we will sample 50 juvenile salmon captured in the trap including length, weight, condition (scales, fins, and eyes), and a genetic tissue sample from up to 25 fish per day.

Any non-Chinook salmon species will be identified to species, and length frequencies obtained for all non-larval fishes (i.e. >20mm). If a large number (n>30) of any non-target species is captured, we will collect information on a sub-sample of 30 individual fish. We propose operating the trap 24 hours per day from January through June or until water temperatures reach 20° C. Once temperatures become reduced in the fall, we will operate the trap again to capture any fish that over summered in Putah Creek. The trap will operate Monday through Friday for the duration of the study period, and also on weekends, after the first fish is captured. Trapping will end when no salmon are captured for five consecutive days (Music et al. 2010). A crew of two people will be required to tend the trap and prepare daily, weekly, monthly, and a final trap catch summary. We will prepare a final report that will include histograms of the daily catch, length weight frequencies, diel patterns of juvenile emigration, and any preliminary genetic results. We intend to publish significant findings in peer-reviewed journals.

Adult Sampling

We propose a third year of carcass surveys to determine origin of adult Chinook salmon in Putah Creek. We will canoe the creek once per week to sample any adult carcasses we find. From each carcass, we will collect otoliths, tissue samples for genetics analyses, size information (length), and sex. We will also collect the head of each fish missing its adipose fin and send it to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife for coded wire tag (CWT) extraction. Coded wire tags will provide an exact age and origin of fish collected without an adipose fin for the purpose of verifying the samples from fish without a CWT. By sampling adults for a third year, we hope to determine if fish are returning to Putah Creek to spawn. In 2016/2017 we collected 126 carcasses and only one fish was likely born in Putah Creek.

Electrofishing Data.

The data is available in a spreadsheet provided by Normandeau Associates. Analyses of these data will be determined through discussion among project participants.

Genomics

We propose to genotype and assign juvenile Chinook salmon to parental pairs which will enable us to develop a pedigree for Putah Creek Chinook salmon. We will be able to determine if fish are full or half siblings (sibships) and estimate successful spawner abundance. Dr. Michael Miller will develop a separate plan for a study of the genomics of rainbow trout in the interdam reach. Are these fish capable of becoming steelhead? Is the population of

mixed origin from planted fish or is it a remnant of the native trout that once inhabited Putah Creek? One possibility is that we have a genetically distinct Putah Creek rainbow trout, as the result of mixed origins and isolation.

Otolith studies

Otolith samples will continue to be collected from adult carcasses, which will be archived by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife until used. If funding is available, otoliths will be polished and mounted for analysis by mass spectrometer, the determination of strontium isotope ratios. Because of the close resemblance of the strontium ratios from Putah Creek salmon to those of the Feather River, used of other elements (e.g., sulfur) will be investigated.

Literature Cited

- Duffy, W.G., E.P. Bjorkstedt, & C.S. Ellings. 2011. Predation on Juvenile Pacific Salmon Oncorhynchus spp. in downstream migrant traps in Prairie Creek, California. North American Journal of Fisheries Management 31:1, 151-164. DOI:10.1080/02755947.2011.562752
- Hartleb, C. F., and J. R. Moring. 1995. An improved gastric lavage device for removing stomach contents from live fish. Fisheries Research 24:261–265.
- Kiernan, J.D., P. B. Moyle, and P. K. Crain. 2012. Restoring native fish assemblages to a regulated California stream using the natural flow regime concept. Ecological Applications. 22:1472-1482.
- Moyle, Peter. 2015. Salmon finding a home in my backyard Could it be? California Water Blog UC Davis Center for Watershed Sciences
- Music, P.A., J.P. Hawkes & M.S. Cooperman. 2010. Magnitude and causes of smolt mortality in rotary screw traps: An Atlantic salmon case study. North American Journal of Fisheries Management, 30:3, 713-722, DOI: 10.1577/M09-181.1
- Yoshiyama R.M., P.B. Moyle, E.R. Gerstung & F.W. Fisher. 2000. Chinook Salmon in the California Central Valley: An Assessment, Fisheries, 25:2, 6-20, DOI: 10.1577/1548-8446(2000)0252.0.CO;2

Start Date 7/1/2018 Non NUL	Title:	Putah Creek Chin	ook Salmo	n Monitoring			-		Propos	al Due Date/A	rchive:	6/1/2018	
End Date: 6/30/2019 Non-NIH	PI(s):						丁	12 Months	0 Months	0 Months	0 Months	0 Months	12 Months
					T		=		O MONIALO	O Monda			
PERSONNEL					Salar	y Basis	* -	Dowled d	Davida do	-	Escalation:	FY	3%
		· · ·			 			Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Total
Name/Role:	Annual Calami		Period %		- -	_		7/1/18-					7/1/18-
1 Staff Research Associate 4	Annual Salary	Per 1 Per 2	Per 3	Per4 Per5	Туре		scal	6/30/19	•	•	•	•	6/30/19
	69,600	50%	 		CAL	12	_	35,844	0	0	0	0	35,844
2 Undergraduate Research assistant 3 Jr. Specialist	22,968	25%			CAL	12		5,914	0	0	0	0	5,914
Total Salaries	38,112	100%	<u></u>		CAL	12		39,255	0	0	0	0	39,255
total salai ies								81,013	0	0	0	0	81,013
FY Spli	t: 12/0	0/0	0/0	0/	0	0/0	\neg			1	Escalations	e to frings?	Y
Benefits by Person Code	%	%	%		6	%	-	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Yes Total
1 Staff Research Associate D	52.5					 		18,818	0	0	0	Period 5	
2 Undergraduate Research G	1.5					 	-	89	0	Ó	0	0	18,818 89
3 Jr. Specialist C	40.1					†		15,741	0	0	Ö	0	15,741
Total Benefits			•				_	34,648	0			0	34,648
Total Personnel						~~~~~	_	115,661	<u> </u>				
					_								110,001
EQUIPMENT								T					Total
									······································				0
Total Equipment							一	0	Ō	0	0	0	0
											<u> </u>		
TRAVEL					Inte	ernationa	1?	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Total
							No						0
				To	tal Dor	nestic Tro	vel	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Total I	nterna	tional Tro	vei	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Travel								0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER DIRECT COSTS													
Materials and Supplies		···					_	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Total
Truck Rental 800x 6mo							_	4,800					4,800
Nets	100.10							716					716
Anesthetics @ 95.99 + \$7.20 (tax) = \$							_	103					103
Measuring board @ \$39.95 + \$2.99 (86					86
Scale @ \$351.20 + \$26.34 (tax) = 377		10 5						378					378
Hobo temperature logger = \$99.99 + Life jackets @ 87.99 + \$6.60 (tax) = \$	\$7.50 (tax) = 107.4	9 ea x 5					-	537					537
Misc supplies (huckets total slaves	rone rite in the	n nanon manail	ton westel.	- £1000 00 · 4	75 00 1	·		189					189
Misc supplies (buckets, totes, gloves,	tay) = \$124.70	n paper, pencus, s	top watch)	= \$TUUU.UU + \$	75.00 (tax) = \$10	<u>/5.4</u>	1,075					1,075
Bismark Brown dye @ \$116 + \$8.70 (tax) = \$124.70								125	···				125
		- 407 91 - 2	Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$90.99 + \$6.82 (tax) = \$97.81 x 3								1		293
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof)	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax) = \$97.81 x 3						293					
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500						\rightrightarrows	1,615					1,615
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 - \$7.50 (tax) = 107	.49 ea.	86					1,615 860					860
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113					860 113
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax)	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	<u> </u>				860 113 716
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax)	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113	0	0	0	0	860 113
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2\$ PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PiT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2\$ PiT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2\$ PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2\$ PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies Publication Costs	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716 11,606					860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies Publication Costs	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716	0	0	0	0	860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2\$ PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716 11,606					860 113 716 11,606
Diving Flashlight (LED Waterproof) \$ PIT tags @ \$3.00 + \$0.23 (tax) = \$3.2 PIT tag antenna batteries 8 @ 99.99 Coaxial cable for PIT tag antennas 1 s Canoe poles @ \$333 ea. + \$24.98 (tax Total Materials and Supplies Publication Costs Total Publication Costs	90.99 + \$6.82 (tax 3 ea x 500 \$7.50 (tax) = 107 pool @ \$104.99 + \$.49 ea.	.86					1,615 860 113 716 11,606					860 113 716 11,606

													-	···
			·											
Total Consultant Services									0	0	0	0	ó	
Subaward Costs							of Suba		Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Total
							Non-UC							
							Non-U(Non-U(
							Non-UC							
							Non-UC							
							Non-UC							
Total Subaward Costs						<u> </u>			0	0	0	0	0	
			······································							<u> </u>				
acn m. ivi /r	00		40/40 0	. B4	na	L 20	T 352							
GSR Tuition/Fees	Buy Down?		g 18/19 Rates	P1	P2	P3	P4		Total GSR Tui					
Name or Notes	Use Buydown Resident	AY 10%	Rates 17,962	#GSRs	#GSRs	#GSRs	#GSRs	#GSRS	0	0	0	0	0	
	Resident	10%	17,962			 			0	0	0	0	0	
	Non-Resident	10%	33,064						0	0	0	0	0	
Single IRB Fees (NIII)	14011-Resident	1070	33,004		# 20	r Perio	<u> </u>					<u>v</u>	0	
Site Name or Notes	Recharge Type (Choose:)	UC?	\$/per	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	0	0	0	o	0	
one mane or motes	On-Boarding- No Agreement	Non-UC							0	0	0	0	0	
	On-Boarding - Agreement	Non-UC				 	 		0	0	0		0	
	Continuing Review	Non-UC					 		0	0	0		0	
Primate Center Costs				Federal		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		0	0	0	0	0	
Other Expenses					Subject	to IDC								
							Υ.							
							Y							
							Y							
							Y							
							Y							
							Y							
							Y				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				Other E	xpenses	Subiec			0	0	0	0	0	0
			Oth	er Expen					0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Direct Costs									11,606	0	0	0	0	11,60
m	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·													
Total Direct Costs Indirect Cost Base	D.A. T.	[01] O	Pus16. (0.1						127,267	0			0	127,26
Indirect Cost Base Indirect Costs	Rate Type:		Enter Info Below)	10		(01)	T 6.		127,267	0	0	0	0	127,26
Total Costs (Direct + Indire	oet)	Ba	se Type: T	'C	Kat	e (%):	0.0	%υ	0	0	0	0	0	040=04
TOTAL COSTS (DIFECT + INGIL	ectj								\$127,267	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$127,26

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

TO: Board of Directors

FROM: Roland Sanford, General Manager

DATE: September 7, 2018

SUBJECT: September 2018 General Manager's Report

Water Professionals Appreciation Week October 6 – 14

October 6 – 14 is Water Professionals Appreciation Week (just saying). Water Professionals Appreciation week was established by Senate Concurrent Resolution (SCR) 80 and approved by the Legislature on September 13, 2017. Among other things, Water Professionals Appreciation Week provides an opportunity to showcase careers in the water industry. The water industry, particularly within the drinking and wastewater treatment sectors, is dominated by an aging workforce that is closing in on retirement, while at the same time often struggling to attract young recruits.

Upper Putah Creek Watershed Watermaster

Speaking of aging workforces and the loss of institutional knowledge, it has been brought to our attention by the Upper Putah Creek Watershed Watermaster (Watermaster) that in recent years the State Water Resources Control Board's Division of Water Rights staff has been accepting water right applications for water diversions in the upper Putah Creek watershed, without conferring with the Watermaster. The Watermaster was appointed by the Court as part of the Condition 12 Settlement - one of the outcomes of the Putah Creek Water Cases litigation of the 1990's – to monitor water diversions in the Upper Putah Creek Watershed and ensure compliance with the Condition 12 Settlement. None of the Division of Water Rights staff that were involved or had anything to do with the Condition 12 Settlement are still with the Division of Water Rights and evidently, the new staff was largely unaware of the Condition 12 Settlement. We are in the process of educating the new staff at the Division of Water Rights and have requested that the Watermaster step up inspections and compliance monitoring efforts in the Upper Putah Creek Watershed.



Indiana de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania del la compania de la compania del la compania de la compania de la compania del la compania de la compania del la

The companies that the design of the

all of the feel of the two the fields. There is

and A medical control of the beach of them.

romatine, pritokrimika i prima 17 k. dik la caracter destinata de la como de la como

a will have referred by the sebalat

no received from the back of the property of

a considerate de se de de la consenta il or graph of against and a Sand Carried al.

Diegophicky, whose is been

กราสาริสาร์เมาที่สุดการคระทำ 5 กิดการ์

e do en trafferanción le vide Marquin

randard and the man relief

Tidanda **gari**yi (ilogidilda - Pada yi

a new age confragrams (A). Aprend a sixtatur

trong lawar, The British Stephen and a simula

Player and the married the structure.

READ TO SHEET

AND THE SHEET

สารสหรับ สาราชภูริยา (ไม่เคียวกระหว่า) หลังที่ โดยไรยเลย มีถึ

and the second of the contract of the second in files of the contract of the first parties of the parties of the contract o t dans et i til et i sta selve of the same board of the best All the same of th and the state of t

the control of the control and beautiful associated the authority क्री को लें के ही है है है है है है कि Can't it made at the telegral and the place is waith as the to the first the contract of t r aktivi om opiti i amakalah bir pakabati se a light de ear a la taiteach inneachagailte airt le card and the first of the control of the section of the control of the effective and analysis of a specific transfer in the contacts A Para and a superior of the figure of the first of the section of the track of the region of the same at the second will also record realização e producto a altino de timo, agrapala viagrante, indiae et el como

the history of the teach the property of the second of the

Land Charles Miles After Miles

Time Period Covered: AUGUST 2018

REPORT OF CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDERS AND CONTRACTS APPROVED BY GENERAL MANAGER UNDER DELEGATED AUTHORITY

Construction Contract Change Orders (15% of original project costs or \$50,000, whichever is less) - none

Construction Contracts (\$30,000 and less) - none

Professional Service Agreements (\$30,000 and less) -

Bowers Electric – Solano Project Electrician Support - \$25,000 Hiuga Diving Co – Dive support for Lindsey and Barker Sloughs - \$10,000 Wetland Construction – Green Valley Culvert Repair - \$19,350

Non-Professional Service Agreements (\$30,000 and less) -

Construction contracts resulting from informal bids authorized by SCWA Ordinance- none

Note: Cumulative change orders or amendments resulting in exceeding the dollar limit need Board approval.

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

•				
4				
		·		

Requiem for a perc dam

I've been reading about a legal dispute over Phase 3 of the Putah Creek project. It reminded me to look back, in appreciation, at how far we've come in improving and preserving Putah Creek for us, and for those who come after us. The percolation dam which used to be just east of the railroad bridge (now the Pedestrian Bridge) probably presents a good historical chronology to use in tracing this Putah Creek realignment.

Let's go back to the 1930s. In 1929 a series of stock manipulations and poor banking practices had triggered the Great Depression. (Yes, I had the same thought.) One out of every four adults in America was unemployed. With no solution in sight, Congress passed in 1935 an Emergency Relief Act, granting President Franklin D. Roosevelt authority to issue Executive Order 7034, establishing the WPA (Works Progress Administration), a national public works program for the estimated 5 million men and women both skilled and unemployed. At its peak, the WPA employed over 3 million people with annualized monthly wages of about \$21,000 a year in today's dollars.

Everything you can think of got constructed: roads, bridges, schools, hospitals, auditoriums, you name it. This included, in Winters, a percolation dam designed by the Federal Division of Engineering and Construction. Up came our percolation dam. Designed to hold back water in streams, creeks and rivers, the dam would help control flooding and allow the excess water to "percolate" into the soil. "Percolation" was to help maintain local wells. Farmers in the Winters area brought large wood panels to the top of the Perc Dam, extending to the creek banks on each side, to increase the water "percolating" and increase the water supply at their well sites.

A 1964 study by the U.S. Geological Survey of ground water in Solano County specifically mentioned the Winters Percolation Dam and had a photo of it with flash boards installed. The study concluded that any effect of the dam on groundwater was highly localized and at the expense of groundwater recharge further downstream. Here's what makes this farmer effort interesting. It turns out that this type of dam, a common design used in multiple waterways across the United States by the WPA, had a design flaw. In simplest terms, when water flowed over the top of the dam in wet weather conditions, it caused an undertow back towards the dam.

The design flaw caused at least one death, to a boater in Washington State. With the farmers' wood bracing the dam, this could not happen. Surprisingly, this design flaw was still noticeable on our Perc Dam during the environmental review process in Phase 1. A picture tube was seen floating over the dam, only to be sucked back into it. Wow! In the 1950s a serious flood undermined the Perc Dam, and it was no longer viable. Since that time, for over 60 years, the Perc Dam has eroded. Crumbling concrete, exposed rebar, and partial collapse. The Putah Diversion Dam at the east side of Lake Solano was completed in 1957, diverting water flows through canals into Solano County.

By the 1960s Putah Creek west of the Trestle Bridge was a mess. Every kind of appliance, tires, truck frames, stripped cars, garbage, and containers had been thrown into the mud and silt of the

creek bed. Thickets, stickers, poison oak and non-native plants also clogged the creek in places up to the Diversion Dam. During this period, if there was water flowing, you could catch crawdads and bull frogs. Crawdads had a certain value. Instead of frogs, we had crawdads for dissection requirements in biology class. In the lab, out of the freezer they came, some still alive. I tried to pick a dead one, but who knows. Still leaves a sour taste since, to quote the movie "Jungle Boy", "there are only two reasons to kill an animal – to eat, or to avoid being eaten." That's enough digression.

Though used off and on since as a fishing site, swimming in the pond area itself was discouraged for years. This was due to (1) the swimming pool being a better alternative, and (2) to the not infrequent spillage of raw sewage into Putah Creek from the Sewer Treatment ponds (not to mention storm drain runoff). From the '60s on Putah Creek was considered basically unsafe and unhealthy. Further, the shallow pond abutting the dam produced water temperatures too high to facilitate fish coming up the creek. The only decent size fish I caught during this time was a sucker, and I was just dumb enough to try and cook it. Talk about bones. Given what went into the creek, it was probably best that I didn't succeed.

In the 1990s, prolonged drought severely cut water flows down Putah Creek, resulting in massive numbers of fish dead in the resulting dry creek bed. Litigation was initiated by the Putah Creek Council, the City of Davis and UC Davis against the Solano County Water Agency (SCWA) and the Solano Irrigation District (SID) to establish continuing flows of water into Putah Creek at the diversion dam. This litigation, brought under both the Public Trust doctrine and sections of the California Fish and Game Code, resulted in 2000 in the Putah Creek Accord – finally establishing a release schedule that guaranteed continuing flows. Raised from the dead like Lazarus, Putah Creek began to live again. Since 2000, Putah Creek has flowed year round and contributes about 10 cubic feet per second to groundwater recharge between the Putah Diversion Dam and Winters.

In 2002, the Lower Putah Creek Coordinating Committee (LPCCC) received a grant to assess the physical and biological condition of Putah Creek. Under the leadership of the Putah Creek Council and the LPCCC hundreds of volunteers began cleaning up Putah Creek, taking out the bad and putting in native vegetation. In 2008, the City of Winters adopted its Master Putah Creek Nature Park Plan for realigning the Creek. This included removal of both the Perc Dam and the old City sewer ponds. The construction of both of these had altered the original creek alignment, and a CEQA Mitigated Negative Declaration was adopted by the City with the approval of the Plan. California Fish and Game, in writing, consented to the Perc Dam removal because it obstructed natural form and ecological function. The City of Winters placed its Putah Creek properties under a conservation easement, to secure the Creek's future. Millions of dollars in grants came in, with SCWA as lead agency, for the alignment and restoration. Why all the grants? Because the groups supporting this project represented a Who's Who of environmental protection. Joining the Putah Creek Council and the Coordinating Committee were Audubon California, CalTrout, Fly Fishers of Davis, National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, California Fish and Game, Putah Creek Trout, State of California – National Resources Agency, UC Davis Putah Creek Riparian Reserve, Yolo Basin Foundation - the list goes on and on. Just a ton of grant funding became available to bring back the natural alignment and restore the creek. Not surprisingly, this being Winters, objections were made to the City's Master Plan on CEQA

grounds. The time for objection having already passed, the project moved forward. Objection to the removal of the Perc Dam was made purportedly for the purpose of saving - "this community resource." Spare me. Unsafe, with questionable water from runoff and spillage, the only real "community use" of this Perc Dam area consisted of high school kids "spooning", drunkenness, and the purchase of certain mind-altering substances.

At least one incident of vandalism resulted from the hullabaloo during the removal, namely damage to the fencing protecting the public from heavy construction equipment operations. File that under "no good deed goes unpunished." What happened when the Perc Dam was removed? Hundreds of salmon came up, from the Sacramento River, swimming right past the bridges.

There's the real community resource: a beautiful creek that attracts birds, salmon, and humans taking morning strolls. Rest in peace, Perc Dam, and thanks. P.S. This astounding change, from a creek that was basically a dump, to a valued community resource is why I find the litigation over Phase 3 troubling.

On a personal note, I wish I had spent more hours working with the volunteers cleaning up the Creek. Putah Creek, during my youth, was always considered a horrible mess to be avoided, a mess at the time considered permanent. I never, ever, thought Putah Creek would be realigned, restored and the cleanup completed. My personal thanks and kudos to all those individuals and groups that made this transformation of Putah Creek possible.

With the possible exception of the Giants winning it all in 2010, it was right at the top of my "never gonna happen" list

By Jonathan Swifty Guest Columnist t.



PPC PUBLIC POLICY INSTITUTE OF CALIFORNIA

Informing and improving public policy through independent, objective, nonpartisan research

SIGN UP

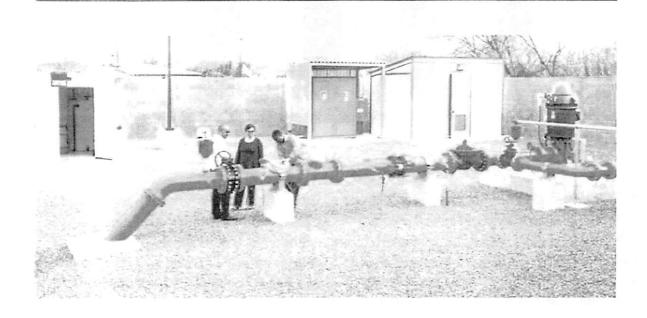
SEARCH



Voters Favor New Water Bond. What Are They Missing?

MARK BALDASSARE, ELLEN HANAK

AUGUST 13, 2018

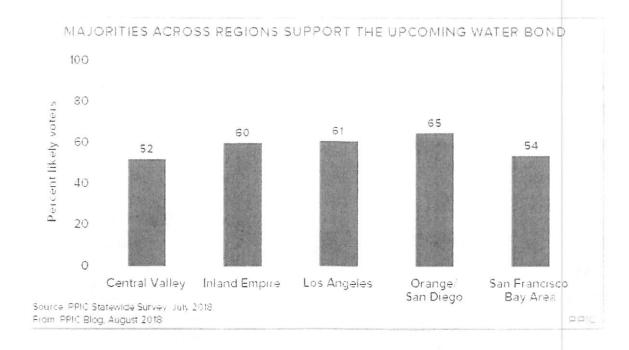


One of the most surprising findings in the July PPIC survey is the strong support for an \$8.9 billion state water bond among California likely voters (58%). Support for the bond—Proposition 3 on the November ballot—comes close on the heels of California voters passing a \$4.1 billion state water and parks bond in June. What's going on?

Majorities of California likely voters across partisan and demographic groups and the state's regions say that water supply is a big problem in their part of California. Water supply and drought were the number one environmental problem named by likely

voters in the survey (24%). Since Governor Brown took office in 2011, water supply and drought have been among the top environmental issues named by likely voters, and since 2014, together they have been named the most important environmental issue facing the state.

Majorities of likely voters across demographic groups and regions—including most Democrats (72%), nearly half of independents (48%), and four in ten Republicans (43%) and self-described conservatives (46%)—support Proposition 3.



PPIC surveys in the past five years show that support for state water bonds has remained high since the severe drought of 2012–16; voters are anxious about its return in light of other signs of climate change. Since 2014, at least half of California likely voters have said they would vote yes on various state water bonds. Moreover. an earlier PPIC survey found that most likely voters prefer bonds (44%) over fees (25%) and taxes (13%) as the means to fund water infrastructure projects.

What are the voters missing?

State bonds are important, but they actually play a relatively minor role in funding California's water. Bonds provide at most \$1 billion of the more than \$30 billion in annual water-related spending. Local revenue—from water and sewer bills to taxes—provides the lion's share. In addition, bonds are not a reliable long-term funding source, and they generally don't cover operating and maintenance costs. State bonds don't directly raise fees or taxes—which may make them more popular with voters than these alternatives. But they are not free. Every year bonds are repaid with significant interest from the state General Fund, which can reduce funding available for other important budget areas, such as education and health and human services.

California faces critical water funding gaps—totaling about \$2–\$3 billion annually—across several essential areas: safe drinking water in small, disadvantaged communities; flood protection; control of stormwater and other polluted runoff; and management of freshwater ecosystems and headwater forests. Limited financial capacity of low-income communities, legal constraints on local funding, a shrinking federal contribution, and unreliable state support contribute to the shortfall. There have been efforts to fill the gaps in other ways—especially for safe drinking water—but new sources of funding such as a surcharge on water bills haven't enjoyed the same broad support as state bonds.

In California's \$2.7 trillion economy, filling the gaps for water's "fiscal orphans" should be manageable. But this will require a focused effort and leadership at all levels. Bonds can help, but they can't do it alone. Looking beyond bonds to find more durable ways to pay for essential water services—including with new fees and taxes—must be a top priority going forward.

DROUGHT ELECTIONS FISCAL & GOVERNANCE REFORM POLITICAL LANDSCAPE PPIC STATEWIDE SURVEY PPIC WATER POLICY CENTER VOTERS WATER BOND WATER SUPPLY ALL BLOG POSTS

LEARN MORE

California's Water: Paying for Water

How California's Water Bond Is Being Spent



PPIC STATEWIDE SURVEY

LEARN MORE -



PPIC WATER POLICY CENTER

LEARN MORE -

NEVER MISS AN UPDATE!

Sign up for our blog alerts to receive insights from our experts.

SUBSCRIBE

Search

(https://www.fws.gov/) Pacific Southwest Region (https://www.fws.gov/cno/)

California, Nevada and Klamath Basin

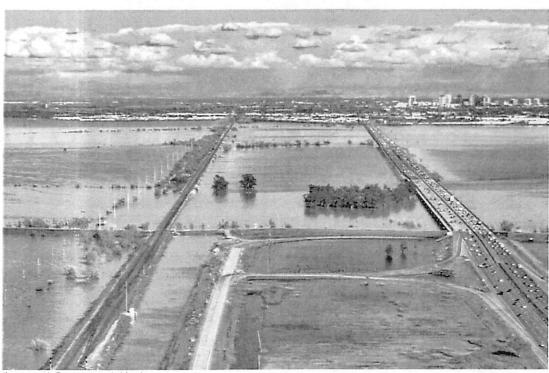
Newsroom

Get Outdoors Wildlife & Habitat

Working Together Science for a Better Future

Our Programs Get Involved

The Yolo Bypass



(images/1-Bypass-aerial.jpg)

There is lot of activity in the Yolo Bypass Basin these days. When that means critical habitat restoration is occurring in one of the state's most important systems, all of California benefits. Above, a February 2017 photo overlooking the flooded Yolo Causeway, a 3.2-mile long elevated highway that crosses the Yolo Bypass floodplain, connecting Davis and West Sacramento. Credit: Steve Martarano/USFWS

Restoration in the largest seasonal floodplain in the West benefits all Californians

By Steve Martarano

August 7, 2018

Facebook

Twitter

Email

Gmail

Pintere

More 10

There's a buzz of activity in the Yolo Bypass surrounding crucial habitat restoration projects

One project is essentially finished; another is under construction and four others are deep into the planning process.

There is almost too much activity in the Yolo Bypass Basin these days to keep track. But when that means critical habitat restoration is occurring to help fish in one of the state's most important systems, all of California benefits.

The Yolo Bypass is a critical part of the state's flood control system, receiving flood waters from major waterways including the American, Sacramento, and Feather rivers. When flooded, the bypass becomes one of the largest seasonal floodplains in the Delta, and a migration corridor for dozens of native fish species including Chinook salmon, steelhead, and green sturgeon.



(images/8-Wallace-Weir-fish-netting.jpg)

State Department of Fish and Wildlife biologists conduct fish rescue operations by hand at Wallace Weir in July 2018. The project includes a fish rescue facility that would return fish back to the Sacramento River. Credit: Steve Martarano/USFWS

Some of those corridors have become difficult for fish to navigate over the years, however, working on corrections has led to a key collaborative effort between several state agencies led by the California Department of Water Resources and the U.S. Department of Interior's Bureau of Reclamation.

"It's been fantastic seeing all the progress in the Yolo Bypass, as we move forward, getting construction crews in there," said Ben Nelson, of Reclamation's Bay-Delta office, "These projects are important for fish passage so that sturgeon and salmonids make it through the Bypass."

The latest piece of that migration corridor to begin construction is the Fremont Weir Adult Fish Passage Modification Project.

The project complies with the 2009 National Marine Fisheries Service's Biological Opinion on the Long-Term Operations of the Central Valley Project and State Water Project, which identified the importance of fish passage and floodplain rearing habitat in the Yolo Bypass, requiring the cooperative completion of several projects that accomplish these goals.

These Yolo Bypass projects may also potentially improve downstream habitat for Delta smelt, said Heather Swinney, a fish and wildlife biologist for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.



"These projects work to complement both NMFS' and our biological opinions so that Yolo Bypass actions flow downstream to areas where smelt are known to occur." Swinney said. "Restoration objectives under the biological opinions are intended to improve rearing and food web production for Delta smelt and salmon."

During the construction of the Fremont Weir Modification

Project, this structure was modernized to widen the channel to
improve fish passage to upstream fish habitat. Credit: Steve

Martarano/USFWS

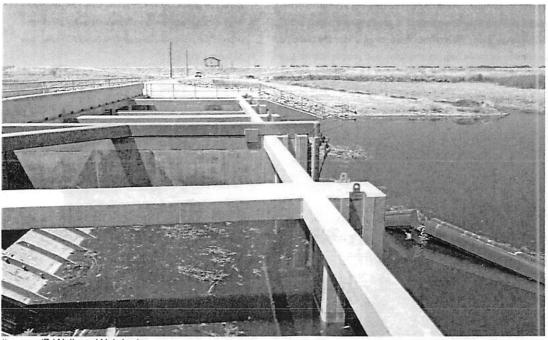


(images/3-Fremont-Weir.jpg)

Heavy equipment was used to widen the existing structure within the channel to allow for improved fish passage at Fremont Weir. Credit: Steve Martarano/USFWS

Fremont Weir is located near Woodland and West Sacramento in the northern Yolo Bypass area and is a 1.8-mile long concrete structure that will overtop during rain events and allow flow into the Yolo Bypass. Fish become stranded whenever the Sacramento River recedes because an existing fish ladder is too narrow and doesn't provide adequate depth for fish to pass through the weir. In its current state, the ladder impedes anadromous fish from returning to their spawning grounds. Work began last May and is scheduled to wrap up by the end of the year.

The Fremont Weir will improve fish passage conditions in the channel that extends from the existing fish ladder downstream to an existing deep pond by removing one agricultural road crossing and replacing another with a structure that allows for fish passage through the Tule Canal and continued agricultural utility.



(images/7-Wallace-Weir.jpg)

The Wallace Weir structure replaced a seasonal earthen dam with a permanent, operable structure that would provide year-round operational control. Credit: Steve Martarano/USFWS

The Wallace Weir project is just a couple of "minor fine tunes" away from completion, said DWR's Maninder Bahia, the project manager who has overseen all of the Yolo Bypass projects the past nine years. Construction began at Wallace Weir in 2016 and centers around a water control structure on the Knights Landing Ridge Cut where it enters the west side of the Yolo Bypass. The original dam, which washes away during high flow events, was replaced with a permanent structure that will prevent migration of salmon and sturgeon into the Colusa Basin Drain.

Wallace Weir also includes a facility to allow for efficient trapping and relocation of fish to the Sacramento River, which is currently accomplished by hand during low-water periods by California Department of Fish and Wildlife. Completing that facility is the final piece to Wallace Weir, Bahia said.

Other planned projects in the Yolo Bypass include:

Agricultural Road Crossing 4 Fish Passage Project

A road crossing that spans Tule Canal just south of where the Sacramento Bypass connects with the Yolo Bypass, it has also been identified as a fish passage impediment. The crossing provides the ability to impound water for agricultural and waterfow purposes. Water Resources is in the process of developing early conceptual options to improve fish passage through the Tule Canal in the Yolo Bypass and construction is scheduled to begin in 2019.

Lower Putah Creek Restoration Project

The project will create a new creek channel that will improve fish passage and native fish habitat where Putah Creek joins and flows through the Yolo Bypass, including seasonally flooded wetlands. The project will connect Putah Creek with previously restored tidal channels along the Toe Drain and widen and enhance those channels to create tidal habitat and provide better passage for salmon. The project will also improve fish passage to and from spawning grounds on upper Putah Creek by installing a structure that will better control the seasonal timing and magnitude of creek flows. Planning for this project is at the conceptual design level and is scheduled for construction in 2020.

Lisbon Weir Fish Passage Project

Construction is anticipated to begin in 2019 to modify Lisbon Weir, which is considered a key upgrade for adult migrating fish. Lisbon Weir delays migration in the Yolo Bypass. When the bypass is not flooded, salmon can only pass this rock weir when flood tides open a small section of flap gate or when a strong high tide overtops the weir. This project would improve fish passage throughout the tidal cycle while maintaining a reliable agricultural diversion. Planning for this project is at the conceptual design level.

Yolo Bypass Salmonid Habitat Restoration and Fish Passage

The wide-ranging Yolo Bypass Salmonid Habitat Restoration and Fish Passage Project would primarily consist of a new Fremont Weir headworks structure (structure at the head or diversion point of a waterway), a new outlet channel, and downstream channel improvements. Each of these facilities is a potential outlet channel that will be chosen from the east, center, and west alternatives in the Yolo Bypass. Each channel alignment would terminate downstream into the existing Tule Pond to improve fish passage and increase floodplain fisheries rearing habitat in Yolo Bypass and the lower Sacramento River basin. The project is currently in the alternatives development phase. A public draft Environmental Impact Statement/Environmental Impact Report was released in December 2017 and a final statement/report is expected later this year. Anticipated construction is scheduled for 2020 or 2021.

SUBSCRIBE HERE!



(https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USDOIFWS8/subscriber/new) Sign up to receive our latest stories via email at GovDelivery.com (https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USDOIFWS8/subscriber/new).

FEATURED STORIES

See more stories...

Search our Newsroom for the stories you want. Type in a few key words and search for related stories.

Custom Search

ABOUT THE PACIFIC SOUTHWEST (.../../ ./about_us.html)

CONTACT US (./../../orgs-offices.html)

Last updated: August 8, 2018

Home (https://www.fws.gov/cno/) About Us (../../../about_us.html) Organization and Offices
(../../../orgs-offices.html) Newsroom (../../../index.html) Resource Links
(../../../resource_links.html) Maps & GIS (https://www.fws.gov/cno/refugeprogram/Maps-GIS.html)

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (https://www.fws.gov/)

About the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (https://www.fws.gov/help/about_us.html)

Notices (https://www.fws.gov/help/notices.html)

Accessibility (https://www.fws.gov/help/accessibility.html)

(https://www.fws.gov/)

Disclaimer (https://www.fws.gov/help/disclaimer.html) Privacy (https://www.fws.gov/help/policies.html)

FOIA (http://www.doi.gov/foia/)

Department of the Interior (http://www.doi.gov/)
USA.gov (http://www.usa.gov/)

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018			
SUBJECT:	Water Agency's future role in flood management			
RECOMMENDATION: Hear report from Water Policy Committee and provide direction to staff.				
FINANCIAL	IMPACT: None			
BACKGROU	<u>ND</u> :			
Defining the Water Agency's future role in flood management is one of the stated goals of the SCWA 2016-2025 Strategic Plan (Goal # 3, Objective B). In 2017, the Board assigned the task of formulating recommendations regarding the Water Agency's future role in flood management to the Water Policy Committee. For the purposes of this assignment the Water Policy Committee was expanded and consisted of two County Supervisors, two mayors, two irrigation district managers, and a member of the Solano Water Advisory Commission. The Committee has met on a semi-monthly basis for nearly a year and a half and has drafted the attached draft flood management policy, along with the attached memo regarding the possible formation of a "Regional Flood Management Coordination Group", for Board consideration. Staff and the Water Policy Committee are seeking Board member comment on the aforementioned documents.				
RELEVANCE	E TO 2016-2025 SCWA STRATEGIC PLAN:			
Defining the Water Agency's future role in flood management is one of the stated goals of the SCWA 2016-2025 Strategic Plan (Goal # 3, Objective B). Recommended: Roland Sanford, General Manager				
	Approved as recommended Other (see below) Continued on next page			
Modification t	to Recommendation and/or other actions:			
I, Roland Sanford, General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the foregoing action was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting thereof held on September 13, 2018 by the following vote:				
Ayes:				
Noes:				
Abstain:				
Absent:				
Roland Sanfor	rd			

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency

The state of the s

The first of the second second

A STATE OF A STATE OF STATE OF

and the second of the second o

grady (1997) and the control of the

The state of the s

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY



DRAFT Flood Management Policy

(08-31-18) Ver. 8

Introduction

The Solano County Water Agency (SCWA) Board of Directors recognized the need to define SCWA's role in flood management and included that need in their 2016 – 2025 Strategic Plan (Goal #3, Objective B).

Goal #3: Flood Management: Implement SCWA's role in flood management.

B Define SCWA's role in flood management.

SCWA's Water Policy Committee was tasked with developing a draft policy for consideration and approval by the full Board. The following represents the Committee's best thinking.

Overview

There currently is no one agency responsible for flood management in Solano County. Responsibility for flood management runs the gamut from areas of overlapping jurisdiction to areas not actively served by flood management agencies. Additionally, there is no consistent coordination between upstream and downstream users. Given that one person's drainage has the potential to be another person's flood, the need for coordination is evident.

The Committee recognizes that the residents of the County would benefit from a regional approach to flood management, and that SCWA is well positioned to facilitate, coordinate, communicate and collaborate with the County and the cities, irrigation districts, reclamation districts, and resource conservation districts (hereafter called "stakeholder agencies¹") and other interested parties within Solano County. Currently, SCWA is responsible for operations and maintenance of the Ulatis Flood Control Project and the Green Valley Flood Control Project. SCWA also has authority to deal with flood control matters within the boundaries of SCWA, though SCWA is not a first responder.

¹ Stakeholder agencies include: Solano County; the cities of Benicia, Dixon, Fairfield, Rio Vista, Suisun City, Vacaville, Vallejo; Reclamation District 2068; Maine Prairie Water District; Solano Irrigation District; Dixon Resource Conservation District (RCD); Solano RCD; and Suisun Marsh RCD.

The Water Policy Committee makes the following policy recommendation for consideration and approval by the SCWA Board. To aid the reader, a list of acronyms and a glossary of terms related to flood management can be found on pages 6 - 13.

Policy Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to replace the current piecemeal approach to flood management with a regional approach. This policy applies to the entire county including cities and the unincorporated areas, and is based on:

- 1. Commitment to working together and voluntary compliance with the recommendations.
- 2. Encouraging communications with stakeholder agencies and other interested parties.
- 3. Creation of a system-wide approach to flood management.
- 4. Avoiding delays in obtaining permits such as grading, drainage, and/or stormwater.
- 5. Avoiding unintended consequences of drainage and flood management.

Proposed Policy

To achieve a more regional approach, SCWA will, in concert with the stakeholder agencies and other interested parties:

1) Update the Master Drainage Plan and Revise the Hydraulic Design Manual

The purpose of the Master Drainage Plan is to provide information and guidance to anyone involved in flood management including stakeholder agencies, flood managers, planners, engineers, developers, and the public. The Hydrology Manual is a technical manual used for design of drainage and flood control facilities. Activities include:

- a) Update the Master Drainage Plan to include:
 - i) Inventory of facilities and capacities including:
 - (1) Identification of historic flood plains, agricultural and joint-use drainage ditches, levees, and flood control projects.
 - (2) Identification of joint-use and other multi-purpose facilities.
 - (3) Qualitative analysis of system including:
 - (a) Identification of system design capacities, if known.
 - (b) Deficiencies when operating at design capacity.
 - (c) Rank areas of most vulnerability.
 - ii) Identification of repetitive loss properties in the entire County.
 - iii) Addressing water quality programs including National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) stormwater requirements, and Irrigated Lands Program.

- iv) Definition of jurisdictional responsibilities including each agency and district's roles and responsibilities and geographical area served.
- v) Identification of SCWA and stakeholder agency committees, their purpose, membership, and how they operate (see #3 and 4).
- b) Revise and update Hydraulic Design Manual.
- c) Identify and Map jurisdictional areas based on watershed.
- 2) Facilitate a process, with preference for early consultation, to review new projects, development proposals, expansion projects and change of land use projects within the entire County that might contribute to flooding

Currently, not all jurisdictions that may be affected by drainage system modifications, development or change of land use are aware of pending plans in other jurisdictions. Only after the completion of the project are downstream users acquainted with any drainage or flood impacts — at which point it is too late or expensive to redesign the project. The goal of this process is to provide an easy and efficient method for notifying stakeholder agencies and organizations and allow each the opportunity to review potential land use changes and analyze the flood impacts of the project. The desired outcome is to manage flooding to protect lives and property through better communications and early identification of issues. To achieve this outcome:

- a) SCWA would act as a "clearinghouse" to disseminate project notifications.
 - i) All stakeholder agencies would submit "Project Notification and Request for Review" and maps of any applicable projects to SCWA.
 - ii) SCWA would send out the notification to the flood management Point of Contact (POC) in each stakeholder agency along with contact information of the originating jurisdiction.
 - iii) To confirm notification and review, stakeholder agencies would respond to the project proponent, with a copy to SCWA, commenting that the project would likely have:
 - (1) No Impact,
 - (2) Minor Impact,
 - (3) Major Impact and request the full packet of information.
 - iv) It would be up to the individual stakeholder agency to submit comments and/or attend the originating jurisdiction's review meeting.
- b) Once the County's watershed boundaries are mapped, future notifications could be tailored to only agencies within a specific watershed.

3) Convene Flood Management Technical Working Group

A group of multi-disciplined experts including engineers, land use planners, scientists and flood managers from the stakeholder agencies would serve a multitude of purposes. SCWA would convene a Technical Group to:

- a) Advise the Water Policy Committee as requested (see #7).
- b) Review Master Drainage Plan (see #1).
- c) Develop BMPs for stream channel maintenance (see #5).
- d) Review the potential for expansion of flood management facilities.
 - i) Recommend alternatives for future growth.
 - ii) Determine life-cycle costing of upgrades and new facilities.
- e) Discuss flood management issues and create recommendations to reduce flooding using a system-wide approach including drainage ditches, floodplain management and other strategies.
- f) Develop criteria and score regional projects (see #4.a.ii).
- g) Coordinate the flood management message to the public (See #6) by developing ideas and reviewing drafts.
- h) Initially meet monthly.

4) Assist County/cities/agencies

SCWA has resources to assist agencies with leveraging resources, securing permits and lobbying. Recommended activities include:

- a) Leverage resources to fund large flood management projects.
 - i) Review standing policy (i.e., fund up to 1/3 of capital costs) and revise as necessary.
 - ii) Use Flood Management Technical Committee (#3) to develop criteria and score projects.
 - iii) Tie funding to outcome-based projects.
 - iv) Include other public benefits (including groundwater recharge, habitat, etc.)
 - v) Advocate on behalf of cities, agencies, and County as requested. Efforts could include support for levee maintenance, creek and drainage clearing, permitting or other.
 - vi) Promote coordination with other regulatory and non-regulatory programs to minimize duplicative work.

- vii) Secure permits including regional permits and assist/consult with individual landowners to implement projects that fall within the regional permit.
- b) Continue funding existing programs (Small Grant Program to assist landowners with localized flood management issues, Sweeney Creek Home Raising Program to elevate homes in flood prone areas, funding and technical assistance for development of local and regional watershed management plans and technical studies).

5) Develop County-wide recommended Best Management Practices (BMPs) for preservation of flood conveyance capacity of natural watercourses

Compliance with the BMPs would be voluntary – but highly encouraged. This recommendation includes:

- a. Creation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) for stream channel maintenance including vegetation management, sediment removal and bank protection.
- b. Highlighting the connection between BMP compliance and consistency with regional permits.
- c. Creation of implementation recommendations that comply with regional permits.
- d. Encourage planning that recognizes and discourages over subscription of available capacity.

6) SCWA to lead resident/landowner education

Rather than have each jurisdiction duplicate efforts, SCWA is in a position to create educational materials to address flood protection, and promote BMPs for channel and streambed maintenance. The Flood Management Technical Group (#4) would consult on the development of the materials, which would be made available for use by any of the stakeholder agencies.

- a. Main Theme: Be Neighborly emphasizing downstream responsibilities.
- b. Sponsor community engagement and education in coordination with the RCDs.

7) Incorporate Adaptive Management Strategies

Changing conditions require the need to review and revise policies as necessary. The SCWA Water Policy Committee is well suited to fulfill this function. The Water Policy Committee will review flood management policies at least annually, and address any immediate concerns as required.

ACRONYMS

BMP Best Management Practice

CCR California Code of Regulations

CDFG California Department of Fish and Game
CDPR California Department of Pesticide Regulation

CEQA California Environmental Quality Act

CIP Capital Improvement Project
Corps or USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

CWA Clean Water Act
DO Dissolved Oxygen

EIR Environmental Impact Report

EPA or USEPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

Federal Endangered Species Act
GIS Geographic Information System

ISA International Society of Arboriculture

LWD Large Woody Debris

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems

NAHC Native American Heritage Commission

NHPA National Historic Preservation Act of 1966

NMFS National Marine Fisheries Service

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NPS Nonpoint source

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Services, a division of the U.S. Department

of Agriculture

OHWM Ordinary High Water Mark

PCN Preconstruction Notification Report
PRC California Public Resources Code
RMA Routine Maintenance Agreement
RWQCB Regional Water Quality Control Board
SHPO State Historic Preservation Officer
SMP Stream Maintenance Program

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

TMDL Total Maximum Daily Loads
USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

WDR Waste Discharge Requirement

GLOSSARY OF SIGNIFICANT TERMS

Adaptive management Learning from experience by adjusting management practices

based on the feedback received through monitoring.

Alluvial fan A landscape feature that is formed by the accumulation of

> sediment and organic material deposited by flowing water, and formed at the point where a stream enters a valley or plain or

another, larger stream.

Amphibian A cold-blooded vertebrate that spends some time on land but

must breed and develop into an adult in water. Frogs,

salamanders, and toads are amphibians.

Anadromous fish Fish that are born and rear in freshwater, move to the ocean to

> grow and mature, and return to freshwater to reproduce. Salmon, steelhead, and lamprey eel are examples of anadromous species.

Armoring Protective coverings or structures (natural or man-made) used to

dissipate the erosive energy of water.

Atmospheric River Atmospheric rivers are relatively long, narrow regions in the

atmosphere – like rivers in the sky – that transport most of the

water vapor outside of the tropics.

Bank failure Occurs where a significant portion of the streambank has failed,

slumped, eroded into the creek below, or has been removed

entirely.

Bank stabilization The act of preventing erosion or repairing an eroded bank in order

to provide a stable streambank.

Bedform A feature of a river or other flowing body of water that is formed

by the movement of sediment and other material due to the flow

of water.

Best Management

Practices (BMPs)

practice available to be effective in protecting water quality and

A technique or series of techniques, which is the best known

stream habitat.

Brackish water Somewhat salty, especially from being a mixture of fresh and

salt water.

Channel A stream, river bed or constructed ditch; generally refers to the

physical form where water commonly flows.

Channel reach See: Stream reach.

Climate change Climate change is a change in the usual weather found in a place.

Cofferdam A temporary watertight structure that is pumped dry to enclose

an area underwater and allow construction work to be carried

out.

Culvert A transverse drain, usually a metal pipe, set beneath the road

surface which drains water from the inside of the road to the outside of the road. Culverts are used to drain ditches, springs,

and streams across the road alignment.

Detritus Organic debris formed by the decomposition of plants or animals;

fragments of rock that have been worn away.

Dewatering The temporary diversion of water away from a work site to

protect water quality and allow progression of work. Diversion is accomplished with coffer dams, pipes, or other means. Water is removed from the work site only, and not the entire stream or

body of water.

Downed tree Trees and large branches that naturally fall into stream channels.

Such debris can promote recruitment of woody in channels to benefit instream habitat. However, downed trees may threaten

flood conveyance capacity or channel stability.

Drainage basin See: Watershed.

Drop inlet A vertical riser on a culvert inlet, usually of the same diameter as

the culvert, and often slotted to allow water to flow into the culvert as streamflow rises around the outside. Drop inlets are often used on stream or ditch relief culverts where sediment or debris would otherwise threaten to plug a traditional horizontal

inlet.

Easement A limited right to make use of a property owned by another, e.g. a

right of way across the property.

Ecology The study of the relationships between living organisms and their

interactions with their natural or developed environment.

Emergency

"A sudden, unexpected occurrence, involving a clear and imminent danger, demanding immediate action to prevent or mitigate loss of, or damage to, life, health, property or essential public services. Emergency includes such occurrences as fire, flood, earthquake, or other soil or geologic movements, as well as such occurrences as riot, accident, or sabotage." (CEQA 15359).

Endangered Species

Any species which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range; an official designation of the California and/or Federal Endangered Species Acts.

Erosion

The wearing away of land surface primarily by wind or water. Erosion occurs naturally as a result of weather or runoff, but can be intensified by clearing, grading, or excavation of the land surface. Erosion usually refers to processes of surface erosion (rain drop erosion, rilling, gullying, and ravelling) and not to mass soil movement (landsliding).

Erosion protection

The act of preventing erosion from occurring or repairing an eroded bank in order to provide a stable streambank that will not require additional maintenance in the foreseeable future

Floodplain

A nearly level alluvial plain that borders a channel and is occasionally inundated by floods (unless artificially protected). The landform is formed by sediment transport and deposition from flows over the streambank and lateral movement of the stream. The '100-year floodplain' represents the area potentially inundated for an unusual but possible flood event with the probability of occurring once every 100 years on the average.

Fluvial Geomorphology

A science devoted to understanding how the natural setting and human land use in a watershed determine the shape of the river channel.

Geographic information system (GIS)

A computer system designed for storing, manipulating, analyzing, and displaying data in a geographic context, usually as maps.

Geomorphology

The study of the physical features of the surface of the earth, including their form, nature, origin, and development. See also fluvial geomorphology.

Groundwater

The standing body of water beneath the surface of the ground, consisting largely of surface water that has seeped down into the earth.

Hardscape Inanimate, engineered elements of landscaping, such as rock.

Headwater The place from which the water in the river or stream originates.

Hydraulic roughness The amount of frictional resistance water experiences when

passing over land and channel features.

Hydrologic unit A drainage area delineated to nest in a multi-level,

hierarchical drainage system. Its boundaries are defined by topographic criteria that delineate an area of land upstream from a specific point on a river, stream, or similar surface

waters.

Hydrology The scientific study of the properties, distribution, use, and

circulation of the water on Earth and in the atmosphere in all

of its forms.

Hydromodification The "alteration of the hydrologic characteristics of waters, which

in turn could cause degradation of water resources (source: EPA).

Invasive species Species that show a tendency to spread out of control.

Large woody debris (LWD) Portions of downed trees, such as large branches and root

wads, that collect in the stream and provide channel structure

and habitat for aquatic animals.

Levee An embankment built to prevent the overflow of a river.

Life cycle cost The cost of an asset that includes the initial (projected) capital

costs, projected life-time operating costs, projected life-time maintenance costs, projected capital rehabilitation costs, projected disposal costs, and projected residual value.

Limbing The removal of unwanted branches from a tree.

Loppers A large type of scissors used for pruning twigs and

small branches. They are usually operated with two

hands.

Microclimate A microclimate is the climate of a small, specific place within an

area as contrasted with the climate of the entire area. For example, a small sunny area that is sheltered from harsh winds and frost of the surrounding region. Such a microclimate provides

a different habitat than its surroundings.

Ordinary High Water Mark "That line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water

and indicated by physical characteristics such as a clear, natural line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in the character of the soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding area." [33 CFR 328.3(e)]

Outfall The location where discharge from a culvert (drainage pipe)

occurs.

Propagule Any of various usually vegetative portions of a plant, such as a bud

or other offshoot, that aid in dispersal of the species and from

which a new individual may develop.

Pruning To cut branches away from a plant to manipulate growth.

Reach See: Stream reach.

Refugia An isolated place of relative safety from danger and hardship used

by aquatic species, such as fish; the only remaining high quality

habitat within an area.

Riffle An area of rocks or a sandbar lying just beneath the surface of the

water.

Rip-rap Large rocks or other suitable material placed on the ground or

along streambanks as an armoring device to prevent or reduce

erosion.

Riparian The banks and other lands adjacent to lakes, watercourse,

estuaries, and wet areas. Often refers to water-loving vegetation

along the water's edge.

Runoff Rainfall which flows overland across the surface or hillslopes and

along roads and trails.

Salmonid A species of fish that is a member of the salmon and trout family.

Also see: Anadromous fish.

Scour To clear something out by passing water through it; a place that

has been scoured, especially by water.

Sea level rise An increase in the volume of water in the world's oceans,

resulting in an increase in global mean sea level.

Sediment Organic or inorganic material that is carried or suspended in water

and that settles out to form deposits in the stream system or

receiving waters.

Shade tolerance A plant's abilities to tolerate low light levels.

Silt fence A constructed barrier used to contain soil eroded from a

construction site. The barrier is made from filter fabric stretched

between fence posts placed on contour along a slope.

Siltation Fine-grained sediment, especially of mud or clay particles at the

bottom of a river or lake.

Species of Special Concern A designation used by California (CSC) and federal (FSC) agencies

to refer to those species of animals (and sometimes plants) that

have declining population levels, limited ranges, and/or

continuing threats that have made them vulnerable to extinction. They may soon reach the point where they meet criteria for listing as threatened or endangered under the State and/or Federal Endangered Species Acts. No special legal protections are

associated with this designation alone.

Storm water The runoff generated when precipitation from rain and snowmelt

events flows over land or impervious surfaces without percolating

into the ground.

Stream A natural waterway that transports water in a perennial,

intermittent, or ephemeral circumstance.

Streambank That portion of the channel bank cross-section that controls the

lateral movement of water.

Streambank erosion A natural process driven by stream bank characteristics

(erodibility) and hydraulic/gravitational forces. Many land use activities can affect both of these components and lead to accelerated bank erosion. Acceleration of this natural process leads to a disproportionate sediment supply, stream channel instability, land loss, habitat loss and other adverse effects.

Streambank stabilization See: Bank stabilization.

Stream channel incision The deepening of the channel of a stream by erosion.

Stream reach A continuous portion of a stream between two designated points.

Swale A depression or low area on a hillslope which rarely carries runoff

except during high rainfall events.

Terrace A low-gradient surface formed by fluvial aggradation or erosion

when the stream flowed at a higher elevation in the landscape. The term implies that the surface is rarely inundated by floods in

the current climate.

Thalweg The line of lowest elevation within a valley or watercourse.

Threatened Species Any species which is likely to become an endangered species

within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range; an official designation under the California

and/or Federal Endangered Species Acts.

Toe-of-slope The base of an embankment; the base of the streambank where it

meets the channel bed.

Total Daily Maximum Load A process under the federal Clean Water Act that provides a tool

for implementing State water quality standards and is based on the relationship between pollution sources and instream water

conditions.

Tree snags A dead or dying tree that is still standing in place.

Tributary A stream or river that flows into a larger stream, river, or lake.

Turbidity Water that is cloudy or muddy usually due to suspended

sediment.

Understory Lower vegetation in a forest; a layer of small trees and bushes

below the level of the taller trees.

Water quality A measure of the suitability of water for a particular use based on

selected physical, chemical, and biological characteristics.

Watershed The area or drainage basin contributing water, organic matter,

dissolved nutrients and sediments to a stream or lake.

en karantari dan katawa njerinjeranjera i katalija a njerinjera

Comments with the second representation

Control Cardina George Comment in Card

interpretation of the content of the

SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY



MEMO

To:

Solano County Water Agency (SCWA) Board of Directors

From:

SCWA Water Policy Committee

Re:

Regional Flood Management Coordination Group Proposal

Date:

July 30, 2018

The SCWA Water Policy Committee recently completed drafting a flood management policy for SCWA Board consideration and approval. In developing the draft policy, one overriding concern surfaced: there currently is no one agency responsible for flood management in Solano County. Responsibility for flood management runs the gamut from areas of overlapping jurisdiction to areas not actively served by any flood management agency. Additionally, there is no consistent coordination between upstream and downstream users. Given that one person's drainage has the potential to be another person's flood, the need for coordination is evident. The management of regional drainage systems is central to effective flood management.

The Committee recognizes that the residents of the County would benefit from a regional approach to flood management. While SCWA also has authority to deal with flood control matters within the boundaries of SCWA, SCWA has neither land use authority nor enforcement authority to enact flood management solutions. Any regional approach requires the participation of all jurisdictions in the County. At issue is the authority to enforce regional policies.

The Water Policy Committee makes the following policy recommendation for consideration by the SCWA Board.

Convene a Regional Flood Management Coordination Group (RFMCG)

The purpose of this Group is to create county-wide consistency for flood management. Changing conditions require a mechanism to create, review, revise, and enforce policies as needed. For that reason, it is important that this group be comprised of decision-makers from the various jurisdictions who have the authority to develop policy. The RFMCG should include representatives from city and county land use agencies, planners, elected officials, floodplain managers/coordinators, Public Works Directors, Irrigation Districts, Resource Conservation Districts (RCDs), County Office of Emergency Services (OES), transportation directors, SCWA management, representatives from the SCWA Flood Management Technical Working Group, representatives from the agricultural community, and the SCWA Flood Advisory Committee

(representing the public.) The group would operate collaboratively and meet quarterly to review policies and address any immediate concerns.

The convener could be SCWA, or the County. Policies would be developed or amended by consensus of the group. Policies developed by the RFMCG potentially would be adopted by the County and the cities who have enforcement authority. Without adoption, flood management policies would continue to be voluntary, sustaining the current disparate system.

Because the players include more than the jurisdictions represented on the SCWA Board, it is likely that a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) would be the most effective organizational structure. LAFCo approval would be required to create a JPA. Funding for the group is yet to be determined as is implementation funding for flood management projects.

The benefits are numerous. They include a regional approach to flood management, the ability to enforce county-wide best management practices (BMPs), certainty to developers, the ability to maximize flood facilities county-wide, and other economies of scale.

Clearly this is a far-reaching idea that needs further development and consent from the County and the cities. This recommendation is being presented to the SCWA Board for further discussion before moving forward.

ACTION OF SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY

DATE:	September 13, 2018		
SUBJECT:	State Water Project "Table A" One-Year Water Exchanges with Santa Clara Valley Water District (SCVWD)		
RECOMMEN	NDATIONS:		
1)	Authorize General Manager to execute Agreement between Department of Water Resources (DWR), SCWA, and SCVWD for exchange of up to 8,000 acre-feet of 2018 "Table A" water, on behalf of the cities of Vallejo, Suisun City, Fairfield, and Vacaville.		
2)	Authorize General Manager to sign, upon final review and approval by Water Agency Counsel, the following "letters of understanding" describing the Water Agency's role in the SCVWD exchange:		
	 a) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Suisun City b) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Fairfield c) Letter of Understanding between Water Agency and Vacaville 		
	(Note: The Letter of Understanding between the Water Agency and Vallejo was approved at the August 9, 2018 Board meeting)		
FINANCIAL	IMPACT:		
	WD exchange will generate up to \$1,600,000 for participating North Bay Aqueduct water users. A will facilitate aforementioned exchanges but not receive any compensation, monetary or material. d: Roland Sanford, General Manager		
	Approved as Other Continued on next page		
	to Recommendation and/or other actions:		
foregoing acti	ford, General Manager and Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency, do hereby certify that the fon was regularly introduced, passed, and adopted by said Board of Directors at a regular meeting on September 13, 2018 by the following vote:		
Ayes:			
Noes:			
Abstain:			
Absent:			

Roland Sanford General Manager & Secretary to the Solano County Water Agency

BACKGROUND:

On August 9, 2018 the Board discussed the proposed one-year State Water Project "Table A" exchanges between the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users and two other State Water Project contractors; the Dudley Ridge Water District (DRWD) and the Santa Clara Valley Water District (SCVWD). At that time the Department of Water Resources (DWR, the operator of the State Water Project, had approved the proposed water exchange with DRWD but was still reviewing the proposed water exchange with SCVWD. On August 9, 2018 the Board authorized the General Manager to execute the proposed agreement between SCWA and DWR, as well as a "Letter of Understanding" between SCWA and Vallejo regarding SCWA's role in facilitating the exchanges with DRWD and SCVWD, with the understanding that a similar agreement between SCWA and DWR, for the SCVWD water exchange, along with associated letters of understanding between SCWA and the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users whose water would be involved in the SCVWD water exchange, would be available for Board consideration at the September 13, 2018 Board meeting. The Department of Water Resources has approved the proposed water exchange with SCVWD. Accordingly, staff is requesting authorization to proceed with the SCVWD water exchange. Additional background information, excerpted from the August 9, 2018 staff report for the proposed DRWD and SCVWD exchanges, is presented below.

2018 North Bay Aqueduct Water Exchange

History

In the winter of 2017 City of Vallejo staff inquired whether SCWA could assist the City with water exchanges or transfers that would generate revenue for the City and/or provide opportunities for the City to maximize use of its own water right – the Vallejo Permit Water right. SCWA staff recommended the City consider exchanging at least a portion of its 2018 North Bay Aqueduct "Table A", as such an exchange was likely to be the easiest to complete, unlikely to adversely impact other water users in Solano County, and create opportunities to maximize Vallejo Permit Water right use. SCWA, through the State Water Contractors organization, identified two potential suitors for the City's 2018 "Table A" water; the Dudley Ridge Water District, an agricultural water user located in Southern Kings County, and the Santa Clara Valley Water District, a predominately urban water user in Santa Clara County. The City, DRWD and SCVWD collectively agreed to the following exchange terms:

- 1) City to receive \$200/acre-foot exchanged to either DRWD or SCVWD
- Within 10 years, City to receive 1 acre-foot for every 4 acre-feet exchanged to either DRWD or SCVWD

Collectively, DRWD and SCVWD expressed interest in obtaining more 2018 "Table A" water than the City had available. Therefore, SCWA polled the other Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users at successive Solano Water Advisory Commission meetings. Representatives from Fairfield, Suisun and Vacaville expressed interest in participating in the proposed exchanges. A summary of participants and the proposed respective quantities to be exchanged is as follows:

City of Vallejo		6,000 acre-feet
City of Fairfield		1,273 acre-feet
City of Vacaville		1,272 acre-feet
City of Suisun City		455 acre-feet
	Total.	0.000 64

Total: 9,000 acre-feet

Of the 9,000 acre-feet proposed for exchange, 1,000 acre-feet would be exchanged with DRWD, 8,000 acre-feet with SCVWD.

Mechanics of Proposed Exchanges

Completion of the proposed exchanges requires the participation of the following entities: Department of Water Resources (DWR); State Water Contractors (SWC); Solano County Water Agency (SCWA); Dudley Ridge Water District (DRWD); Santa Clara Valley Water District (SCVWD); City of Vallejo, City of Fairfield, City of Vacaville, City of Suisun City (Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users). The respective roles are as follows:

<u>DWR</u> operates and maintains the State Water Project and holds the water rights to the State Water Project supply. Accordingly, DWR must approve any water exchange that would involve its facilities and/or water supply.

SWC, which SCWA is a member of, represents 27 of the 29 entities contracting with DWR for State Water Project supplies. Both DRWD and SCVWD are members of the SWC. Water exchanges involving one or more SWC members are reviewed by the SWC Board of Directors and if deemed acceptable (no harm to any other SWC

member) a letter of support submitted to DWR, recommending DWR approve the proposed exchange. DWR could theoretically approve an exchange that one or more SWC members opposed, but is unlikely to do so.

SCWA, on behalf of the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users, holds a contract with DWR for the State Water Project water supply delivered to the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users. SCWA, in turn, contracts with each Solano North Bay Aqueduct water user for delivery of their respective "Table A" allocations. An important point: none of the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users has a contractual relationship with DWR for their respective water supply. Consequently, none of the Solano North Bay Aqueduct contractors can work directly with DWR to effectuate an exchange involving State Water Project facilities or water. The rationale for DWR contracting with SCWA, who in turn contracts with the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users, is based on the fact that SCWA has taxing authority. In order to secure the loans (bonds) used by the State to finance construction of the State Water Project, the State needed to contract with entities that had taxing authority. Pursuant to the contract between SCWA and DWR, if the Solano North Bay Aqueduct users were to default, DWR could force SCWA to implement a tax to satisfy the financial obligation.

While SCWA has water supply contracts with the respective Solano North Bay Aqueduct users, the terms of the contracts are such that SCWA has extremely limited ability to reallocate "Table A" supplies among the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users – without Solano North Bay Aqueduct water user consent. In summary, SCWA serves as a "pass through" for water and money, between the DWR and the Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users. Accordingly, SCWA's role in the proposed exchanges with DRWD and SCVWD is that of a facilitator.

<u>DRWD</u> is a SWC member and a participant in the proposed water exchange. DRWD receives State Water Project water from the California Aqueduct.

<u>SCVWD</u> is a SWC member and a participant in the proposed water exchange. SCVWD receives State Water Project water from the South Bay Aqueduct.

Solano North Bay Aqueduct water users are members of SCWA and receive State Water Project from the North Bay Aqueduct.

As of this writing the proposed DRWD exchange is ready to proceed, pending SCWA's signing of the attached agreement between DWR, SCWA, and Dudley Ridge; and the Letter of Understanding between SCWA and the City of Vallejo. There is a degree of urgency, in that DRWD's need for the water – and therefore desire to complete the exchange – diminishes significantly at the conclusion of the current irrigation season, in late September or October. The SCVWD exchange is awaiting approval by DWR and it is anticipated that an agreement between DWR, SCWA and SCVWD will be ready for execution by late August. Fortunately, SCVWD's need for the water extends through the 2018 calendar year. Staff anticipates agendizing the various agreements needed to effectuate the SCVWD water exchange in September.

Long Term View of North Bay Aqueduct Exchanges

The North Bay Aqueduct and associated water supply is in essence an "impaired asset". The State Water Project and in this case the North Bay Aqueduct component of the State Water Project is unable to consistently – actually rarely – deliver the full quantities of water contracted for, is susceptible to pumping restrictions vis-à-vis endangered species concerns, and at times the water supply exhibits extremely poor water quality, making its treatability for municipal drinking water purposes difficult. Furthermore, the ability to store North Bay Aqueduct water for later use is limited.

Because the North Bay Aqueduct is an inherently unreliable water supply it is generally assumed, for water supply planning purposes, that in any given year the North Bay Aqueduct will provide far less water than what was originally contracted for. More often than not that assumption proves correct. However, there are occasions, such as in 2017, when full or nearly full contractual deliveries are possible, providing a short-term "surplus". Often, the temporary surplus can be used within Solano County, or briefly stored in San Luis Reservoir (a State Water Project facility) for later use. However, as illustrated in 2017, when significant quantities of North Bay Aqueduct water stored in San Luis Reservoir spilled and was therefore lost, there are instances when the temporary surplus goes unused (even though it is paid for by the Solano North Bay Aqueduct user).

Water exchanges can provide a means of utilizing short-term surpluses – at least for monetary purposes. Exchanges involving money can provide revenue to defray existing Solano North Bay Aqueduct user expenses and/or provide capital for retrofitting existing or constructing new facilities – water reuse, etc.

RELEVANCE TO 2016-2025 SCWA STRATEGIC PLAN:

The proposed water exchange is consistent with Objective B (Match available water supplies to appropriate uses) of Goal 1 (Water Supply Management: Optimize the management of the County's current and future water resources in a sustainable manner) of the 2016-2025 SCWA Strategic Plan

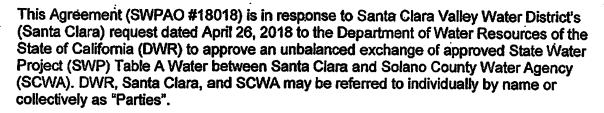
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

1416 NINTH STREET, P.O. BOX 942836 SACRAMENTO, CA 94236-0001 (916) 653-5791

AUG 1 3 2018

Ms. Cindy Kao Imported Water Unit Manager Santa Clara Valley Water District 5750 Almaden Expressway San Jose, California 95118-3686

Mr. Roland Sanford
General Manager
Solano County Water Agency
810 Vaca Valley Parkway, Suite 203
Vacaville, California 95688-8834



Amendment No. 20 of SCWA's Water Supply Contract provides for a method for DWR to determine a separate North of Delta (NOD) Table A allocation for SCWA. In 2018, DWR determined that the final May SWP Table A allocation for a South of Delta (SOD) contractor was 35% and for a NOD contractor was 50%. As set forth in Amendment No. 20, Article 45(t)(1)(e)(iii), the increase in allocated Table A due to the NOD allocation shall not be transferred to or from, or exchanged with a SOD contractor.

Under the proposed water exchange, up to 8,000 acre-feet of SCWA's 2018 Table A Water will be delivered to Santa Clara by December 31, 2018. In exchange, Santa Clara will return to SCWA, based on an unbalanced exchange ratio of 4 to 1, up to 2,000 acre-feet of its future approved SWP Table A Water (future Table A Water). That is, for every 4 acre-feet of SCWA's 2018 Table A Water delivered to Santa Clara, 1 acre-foot will be returned by Santa Clara to SCWA prior to December 31, 2028.

In compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), Santa Clara, as the lead agency, determined that this water exchange is exempt from CEQA and filed a Notice of Exemption (NOE) with the County of Santa Clara (File Number: ENV21603) on June 14, 2018. DWR, as the responsible agency, has considered this document prior to



Ms. Cindy Kao, Imported Water Unit Manager, et al AUG 1 3 2018
Page 2

entering into this Agreement and will file an NOE with the Office of Planning and Research, based on CEQA Guidelines Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) upon execution of this Agreement.

DWR is willing to approve the delivery of up to 8,000 acre-feet of SCWA's 2018 Table A Water to Santa Clara in exchange for the return of up to 2,000 acre-feet of Santa Clara's future Table A Water to SCWA, subject to the following terms and conditions:

TERM

1. This Agreement shall be effective upon execution by all Parties and shall terminate on December 31, 2028 or upon final payment to DWR by Santa Clara and SCWA of all costs attributable to this Agreement, whichever occurs later. However, the liability, hold harmless, and indemnification obligations in this Agreement shall remain in effect until December 31, 2032, or until any claim or litigation concerning this Agreement asserted to DWR, Santa Clara, or SCWA as of December 31, 2032 is finally resolved, whichever occurs later.

UNIQUENESS OF AGREEMENT

2. DWR's approval under this Agreement is unique and shall not be considered a precedent for future agreements or DWR activities.

APPROVALS

3. The delivery and return of water under this Agreement shall be contingent upon, and subject to, any necessary approvals and shall be governed by the terms and conditions of such approval(s) and any other applicable legal requirements. Santa Clara and SCWA shall be responsible for complying with all applicable laws and legal requirements and for securing any required consent, approvals, permits, or orders. Santa Clara and SCWA shall furnish to DWR copies of all approvals and agreements required for the delivery and return of water under this Agreement.

NORTH OF DELTA ALLOCATION

4. The amount of water that is available for export by SCWA will be calculated for this Agreement and any future agreements in 2018 under Article 45(t)(1)(e)(iii) of Amendment No. 20 of SCWA's Water Supply Contract.

WATER DELIVERY FROM SCWA TO SANTA CLARA

- 5. DWR will deliver up to 8,000 acre-feet of SCWA's 2018 Table A Water to Santa Clara's turnout(s) in Reach 9 of the South Bay Aqueduct for use in its service area by December 31, 2018.
- 6. The delivery of water to Santa Clara under this Agreement shall be in accordance with a schedule reviewed and approved by DWR. DWR's approval is dependent upon the times and amounts of the delivery and the overall delivery capability of the SWP. DWR shall not be obligated to deliver the water at times when such delivery would adversely impact SWP operations, facilities, or other SWP contractors.
- 7. The sum of deliveries scheduled to Santa Clara under this Agreement, plus scheduled Santa Clara SWP water deliveries, plus deliveries to Santa Clara under any other agreements, shall not exceed the quantities on which the Proportionate Use-of-Facilities factors are based under Santa Clara's Water Supply Contract with DWR unless DWR determines that deliveries will not adversely impact SWP operations, facilities, or other SWP contractors.

RETURN WATER DELIVERY FROM SANTA CLARA TO SCWA

- 8. DWR will deliver up to 2,000 acre-feet of Santa Clara's future Table A Water to SCWA's turnout(s) in Reaches 1, 2, and 3A of the North Bay Aqueduct by December 31, 2028, based on an unbalanced exchange ratio of 4 to 1.
- 9. The return delivery of water to SCWA under this Agreement shall be in accordance with a schedule reviewed and approved by DWR. DWR's approval is dependent upon the times and amounts of the delivery and the overall delivery capability of the SWP. DWR shall not be obligated to deliver the water at times when such delivery would adversely impact SWP operations, facilities, or other SWP contractors.
- 10. The sum of deliveries scheduled to SCWA under this Agreement, plus scheduled SCWA SWP water deliveries, plus deliveries to SCWA under any other agreements, shall not exceed the quantities on which the Proportionate Use-of-Facilities factors are based under SCWA's Water Supply Contract with DWR unless DWR determines that deliveries will not adversely impact SWP operations, facilities, or other SWP contractors.

WATER DELIVERY SCHEDULES

- 11. All water delivery schedules and revisions shall be in accordance with Article 12 of Santa Clara's and SCWA's respective Water Supply Contract with DWR.
- 12. Santa Clara and SCWA shall submit revised monthly water delivery schedules for approval to the State Water Project Analysis Office (SWPAO), Water Deliveries Section, indicating timing and point of delivery requested under this Agreement with reference to SWPAO #18018. Revised schedules shall be sent by electronic mail to SWPDeliveries@water.ca.gov or by FAX to (916) 653-9628, Attention: Chief, Water Deliveries Section.
- 13. Santa Clara and SCWA shall submit weekly water schedules for the delivery of water under this Agreement to the Delta Field Division, Water Operations Section, indicating timing and point of delivery requested with reference to SWPAO #18018. Schedules shall be sent by FAX to (209) 833-2049, Attention: Chief, Water Operations Section.
- 14. All weekly schedules described above shall be faxed by 10:00 a.m. Wednesday, for the following week, Monday through Sunday, to the Delta Field Division.
- 15. Weekly water schedules shall also be concurrently sent by electronic mail or faxed to the State Water Project Operations Control Office:
 - a. Water Management Branch
 Water_deliv_sched@water.ca.gov
 FAX: (916) 574-2785,

Attention: Chief, Water Management Branch

b. Power Management and Optimization Branch

POCoptimization@water.ca.gov

FAX: (916) 574-2785,

Attention: Chief, Power Management and Optimization Branch

c. <u>Pre-Scheduling Section</u> Presched@water.ca.gov

FAX: (916) 574-2782,

Attention: Chief, Pre-Scheduling Section

Ms. Cindy Kao, Imported Water Unit Manager, et al AUG 1 3 2018 Page 5

WATER DELIVERY RECORDS

16. DWR will maintain monthly records documenting the delivery of SCWA's 2018
Table A Water to Santa Clara, as well as the return of Santa Clara's future Table
A Water to Santa Clara, under this Agreement. Santa Clara and SCWA shall
certify to SWPAO the quantity of water delivered to Santa Clara and the quantity
of all return water to SCWA under this Agreement by January 31st of the year
following actual delivery, with reference to SWPAO#18018.

CHARGES

- 17. Santa Clara and SCWA shall pay the following charges for activities under this Agreement, including all future adjustments, which shall be calculated in the same manner as charges are calculated for SWP Table A deliveries, and shall be in accordance with the provisions of Santa Clara's and SCWA's respective Water Supply Contract with DWR. Charges shall be determined for the year the water is delivered and the year the water is returned.
 - a. Santa Clara shall pay to DWR the charges associated with the delivery of up to 8,000 acre-feet of SCWA's 2018 Table A Water from the Delta to Santa Clara's turnout(s) located in Reach 9 of the California Aqueduct. Santa Clara shall pay the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power, and Replacement components of the Transportation Charge and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities costs for each acre-foot of water delivered to its turnout(s).
 - b. In any year that a portion of Santa Clara's future Table A Water is returned to SCWA under this Agreement, SCWA shall pay to DWR the charges associated with the delivery of the return water from Barker Slough Pumping Plant to SCWA's turnouts in Reaches 1, 2, and 3A of the North Bay Aqueduct. SCWA shall pay the Variable Operation, Maintenance, Power and Replacement components of the Transportation charges and the Off-Aqueduct Power Facilities costs in effect for the year in which the water is returned to SCWA for each acre-foot of water delivered to its turnout(s).
- 18. In addition to the charges identified above, Santa Clara and SCWA agree to pay to DWR any identified demonstrable increase in costs that would otherwise be borne by the SWP contractors not signatory to this Agreement or by DWR, as a result of activities under this Agreement.

Ms. Cindy Kao, Imported Water Unit Manager, et al AUG 1 3 2018 Page 6

19. Payment terms shall be in accordance with Santa Clara's and SCWA's respective Water Supply Contract.

SWP ALLOCATION

20. Water delivered to Santa Clara or SCWA under this Agreement shall not be considered by DWR in the determination of approved annual Table A deliveries or allocation of other SWP water to Santa Clara and SCWA under Article 18 of Santa Clara's and SCWA's respective Water Supply Contract with DWR.

NO IMPACT

21. This Agreement shall not be administered or interpreted in any way that would cause adverse impacts to SWP approved Table A water or to any other SWP approved water allocations, water deliveries, SWP operations, or SWP facilities. SCWA and Santa Clara shall be responsible, jointly and severally, as determined by DWR, for any adverse impacts that may result from the exchange of water under this Agreement.

LIABILITY

- 22. DWR is not responsible for the use, effects, or disposal of water under this Agreement once the water is delivered to the designated turnout(s). Responsibility shall be governed by Article 13 of SCWA's and/or Santa Clara's Water Supply Contracts, as applicable, with responsibilities under the terms of that article shifting from DWR to SCWA and/or Santa Clara when the water is delivered to the designated turnout(s).
- 23. SCWA and Santa Clara agree to defend and hold DWR, its officers, employees and agents harmless from any direct or indirect loss, liability, lawsuit, cause of action, judgment or claim, and shall indemnify DWR, its officers, employees and agents from all lawsuits, costs, damages, judgments; attorneys' fees, and liabilities that DWR, its officers, employees and agents incur as a result of DWR providing services under this Agreement, except to the extent resulting from the sole negligence or willful misconduct of DWR, its officers, employees and agents.

Ms. Cindy Kao, Imported Water Unit Manager, et al AUG 1 3 2018

24. If uncontrollable forces preclude DWR from delivering water under this Agreement, either partially or completely, then DWR is relieved from the obligation to deliver the water to the extent that DWR is reasonably unable to complete the obligation due to the uncontrollable forces. Uncontrollable forces shall include, but are not limited to, earthquakes, fires, tornadoes, floods, and other natural or human caused disasters. SCWA and Santa Clara shall not be entitled to recover any administrative costs or other costs associated with delivery of water under this Agreement if uncontrollable forces preclude DWR from delivering the water.

EXECUTION

- 25. This Agreement may be executed in counterpart. The Parties agree to accept facsimile or electronically scanned signatures as original signatures. The Agreement shall take effect as soon as all Parties have signed.
- 26. Immediately after execution, SCWA and Santa Clara shall transmit a copy of the executed Agreement by facsimile or electronic file to Pedro Villalobos, SWPAO Chief, at 916) 653-9628 FAX or swpao-chief@water.ca.gov and to each other at:

Santa Clara: (408) 979-5640 FAX, or ckao@valleywater.org SCWA: (707) 451-6099 FAX, or rsanford@scwa2.com

27. If SCWA or Santa Clara requires a Board of Directors' approval of this Agreement, that Party shall send a facsimile or electronic copy of the board approval to the other Parties.

Sincerely,

Fo2 Pedro Villalobos, Chief

State Water Project Analysis Office

Ms. Cindy Kao, Imported Water Unit Manager, et al AUG 1 3 2018 Page 8

ACCEPTED:	
SOLANO COUNTY WATER AGENCY	SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DIŞTRICT
Signature .	Signature
Title	Title
Date	Date

cc: Ms. Jennifer Pierre
General Manager
State Water Contractors
1121 L Street, Suite 1050
Sacramento, California 95814

Mr. Eric Chapman State Water Contractors 1121 L Street, Suite 1050 Sacramento, California 95814

DRAFT

Felix Riesenberg City of Fairfield Public Works Department 1000 Webster Street Fairfield, CA 94533

RE: City of Fairfield's 2018 Water Exchange Letter of Understanding

Dear Mr. Riesenberg:

This letter of understanding ("Letter") documents and confirms the agreement that has been reached between Solano County Water Agency ("Agency") and the City of Fairfield ("Fairfield") (collectively the "Parties" and each a "Party"). The Letter specifies the terms under which the Agency agrees to transfer approximately 1,273 AF of Fairfield's State Water Project ("SWP") water to Water Contractors outside of Solano County seeking additional SWP water, in an unbalanced exchange. In the exchange the City of Fairfield will receive \$200/AF for a projected total of \$254,600, and a return of the transferred water tentatively set as a 4:1 ratio prior to the end of 2028.

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

The Agency holds a contract with the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) to receive imported water deliveries from the SWP. Fairfield (along with other water agencies in Solano County) is a member agency of SCWA and is entitled to receive an allocation of SWP water by contract with the Agency dated September 26, 2013 ("Fairfield Member Unit Contract").

As of the date of this Letter, the Agency is aware that other entities outside of Solano County that hold contracts to receive water deliveries from the SWP require more SWP water than their DWR allocation provides in 2018. Fairfield has indicated that it is willing to forego delivery of the 2018 SWP water to which it is entitled under the Fairfield Member Unit Contract ("Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water"), and make that water available for exchange to another State Water Contractor, under the terms and conditions set forth herein.

Pursuant to Fairfield's request, the Agency is working with the Santa Clara Valley Water District (SCVWD), and DWR to facilitate a one-year water exchange between Fairfield and SCVWD. The basic parameters of the exchange are as follows:

1. Fairfield will receive an administrative fee \$200 per acre-foot of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water exchanged to SCVWD in the 2018 calendar year. The amount

- of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water is estimated to be 1,273 acre-feet, resulting in a projected \$254,600 to be received by Fairfield.
- 2. Within the next ten (10) years, Fairfield will receive from SCVWD a portion of the quantity of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water provided to them in 2018 (tentatively set to be 1 acre-foot returned for every 4 acre-feet of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water).

The Agency is serving as a "pass through" and facilitator of the exchange(s) and will not receive any compensation – financial or in the form of water – for these efforts.

The Agency and Fairfield desire to memorialize their understandings in this Letter under which Fairfield will forego the delivery of the Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water and have the Agency exchange that with another State Water Contractor in return for payment for that water and an agreement that the State Water Contractor (the "Purchaser") receiving and paying for that water will return a portion of the water to Fairfield via the Agency at a future date, all subject to the terms and conditions set forth below.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. <u>Condition Precedent</u>. DWR's written approval of a written exchange agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") between the Agency and the Purchaser is a condition precedent to Agency's authorization to proceed under this Letter. DWR's approval shall be provided in the form of an agreement among DWR, the Agency and the Purchaser.
- 2. <u>Deliveries to Purchaser</u>. The Agency will request that DWR deliver to the Purchaser 100% of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water (up to a maximum of 1,273 acre-feet) from the SWP. Within thirty (30) days following the execution of the Exchange Agreement, the Purchaser shall pay the Agency \$200 per AF of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water made available by Fairfield, unless a different price is negotiated and agreed upon in writing by Fairfield and the Agency ("Exchange Fee"). The Agency shall pay 100% of the Exchange Fee received from Purchaser to Fairfield.
- 3. Return Deliveries to the Agency. Prior to the end of calendar year 2028, the Purchaser will provide for delivery of some portion of SWP water to the Agency, anticipated to be no less than 1 acre-foot returned for every 4 acre-feet of Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water provided in 2018, unless agreed to in writing by Fairfield ("Return Water"). The Agency shall deliver the Return Water to Fairfield under the Fairfield Member Unit Contract unless other arrangements are made between the Agency and Fairfield in a written agreement, in any one year as set forth in the Exchange Agreement.
- 4. <u>Notice of Exemption</u>. Because all of the Fairfield 2018 Exchange Water delivered to the Purchaser will be delivered through existing facilities, without the construction of additional facilities to effect such deliveries, Fairfield and the Agency agree that the exchange described herein constitutes a project that is exempt from the California

Environmental Quality Act pursuant to Sections 15061(b)(3) and 15301 of the State CEQA Guidelines. The Agency or DWR shall file a Notice of Exemption for the project described herein with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Solano County, as well as the County in which any Purchaser is located, and shall provide a copy to Fairfield.

- 5. <u>Transaction Costs</u>. Fairfield and Agency shall each be responsible for its own legal and consulting costs incurred in the preparation, review and implementation of this Letter. Fairfield and the Agency each agree to cooperate with each other in the preparation, review and execution of any additional agreements that may be necessary to effect the exchange described herein. Fairfield shall not be responsible for payment of any charges imposed by any agency, including the Agency, for the preparation and processing of the Exchange Agreement, or for the preparation and processing of such other approvals as may be necessary to effect the exchange described herein.
- 6. <u>Costs of Defense</u>. In the event of any legal action by a third party to challenge this Letter and/or the exchange described herein, Fairfield and the Agency agree to cooperate in the defense thereof and to share equally in the costs of such defense, utilizing counsel mutually acceptable to the Parties.
- 7. Force Majeure. In the event that an unavoidable event beyond the reasonable control of the Parties, including, but not limited to availability of SWP water, renders the performance of this Letter impossible or infeasible, the Parties hereto shall be excused from the performance thereof, with a corresponding refund or adjustment of the payments required herein as may be necessary to achieve financial equity as between the Parties for that portion of the Letter that cannot be performed; provided, however, that the Agency shall first coordinate with DWR to determine whether alternate performance may be possible pursuant to an alternate schedule for completion of performance.
- 8. <u>Authority</u>. The undersigned representatives of Fairfield and the Agency hereby represent that they are authorized to execute the Letter for the Parties on whose behalf this Letter is executed.
- 9. <u>Notice</u>. Written notice may be provided by either Party to the other by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the following addresses:

City of Fairfield – Public Works Department 1000 Webster Street Fairfield, CA 94533

Attn: Felix Riesenberg, Assistant Public Works Director/Utilities

Solano County Water Agency 810 Vaca Valley Parkway #203 Vacaville, CA 95688

Attn: Roland Sanford, General Manager

Executed on the dates set forth below.	
CITY OF FAIRFIELD	
By: David A. White, City Manager	Date
Solano County Water Agency	
By: Roland Sanford, General Manager	Date

DRAFT

Jeremy Craig, City Manager City of Vacaville 650 Merchant Street Vacaville, CA 95688

RE: City of Vacaville's 2018 Water Exchange Letter of Understanding

Dear Mr. Craig:

This letter of understanding ("Letter") documents and confirms the agreement that has been reached between Solano County Water Agency ("SCWA" or "Agency") and the City of Vacaville ("Vacaville") (collectively the "Parties" and each a "Party"). The Letter specifies the terms under which the Agency agrees to transfer up to 1,272 AF of Vacaville's State Water Project ("SWP") water to Santa Clara Valley Water District, seeking additional SWP water, in an unbalanced exchange. In the exchange Vacaville will receive \$200/AF for a projected total of \$254,400, and a return of the transferred water set as a 4:1 ratio prior to the end of 2028.

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

The Agency holds a contract with the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) to receive imported water deliveries from the SWP. Vacaville (along with other water agencies in Solano County) is a member agency of SCWA and is entitled to receive an allocation of SWP water by contract with the Agency dated September 24, 2013 ("Vacaville Member Unit Contract").

As of the date of this Letter, the Agency is aware that other entities outside of Solano County that hold contracts to receive water deliveries from the SWP require more SWP water than their DWR allocation provides in 2018. Vacaville has indicated that it is willing to forego delivery of the 2018 SWP water to which it is entitled under the Vacaville Member Unit Contract ("Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water"), and make that water available for exchange to another State Water Contractor, under the terms and conditions set forth herein.

The Agency is working with the Santa Clara Valley Water District ("SCVWD" or "Recipient"), and DWR to facilitate a one-time, one-year water exchange between Vacaville and SCVWD. The basic parameters of the exchange are as follows:

1. Vacaville will receive an administrative fee \$200 per acre-foot of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water exchanged to SCVWD in the 2018 calendar year. The amount

- of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water is estimated to be 1,272 acre-feet, resulting in a projected \$254,400 administrative fee to be received by Vacaville.
- 2. Within the next ten (10) years, Vacaville will receive from SCVWD a portion of the quantity of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water provided to them in 2018 (set to be 1 acre-foot returned for every 4 acre-feet of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water).

The Agency is serving as a "pass through" and facilitator of the exchange(s) and will not receive any compensation – financial or in the form of water – for these efforts.

The Agency and Vacaville desire to memorialize their understandings in this Letter under which Vacaville will forego the delivery of the Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water and allow the Agency exchange that with another State Water Contractor in return for an administrative fee and an agreement that the Recipient receiving and paying the administrative fee for that water will return a portion of the water to Vacaville via the Agency at a future date, pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth below, which will be incorporated into the Agency's agreement with the Recipient.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. <u>Condition Precedent</u>. DWR's written approval of a written exchange agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") between the Agency and the Recipient is a condition precedent to Agency's authorization to proceed under this Letter. DWR's approval shall be provided in the form of an agreement among DWR, the Agency and the Recipient.
- 2. <u>Deliveries to Recipient</u>. The Agency will request that DWR deliver to the Recipient 100% of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water (a minimum of 1,000 acre-feet, and up to a maximum of 1,272 acre-feet) from the SWP. Within thirty (30) days following the execution of the Exchange Agreement and receipt of DWR's written approval, the Recipient shall pay the Agency \$200 per AF of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water made available by Vacaville, unless a different fee is negotiated and agreed upon in writing by Vacaville and the Agency ("Exchange Fee"). The Agency shall pay 100% of the Exchange Fee received from Recipient to Vacaville within thirty (30) days of receipt from Recipient.
- 3. Return Deliveries to the Agency. Prior to the end of calendar year 2028, the Recipient will provide for delivery of SWP water to the Agency, in the amount of 1 acrefoot returned for every 4 acre-feet of Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water provided in 2018, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by Vacaville ("Return Water"). The Agency shall deliver the Return Water to Vacaville under the Vacaville Member Unit Contract unless other arrangements are made between the Agency and Vacaville in any one year, in a written agreement pursuant to the Exchange Agreement.
- 4. <u>Notice of Exemption</u>. Because all of the Vacaville 2018 Exchange Water delivered to the Recipient will be delivered through existing facilities, without the construction of additional facilities to effect such deliveries, Vacaville and the Agency agree that the

exchange described herein constitutes a project that is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to Sections 15061(b)(3) and 15301 of the State CEQA Guidelines. The Agency or DWR shall file a Notice of Exemption for the project described herein with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Solano County, as well as the County in which Recipient is located, and shall provide a copy to Vacaville.

- 5. <u>Transaction Costs</u>. Vacaville and Agency shall each be responsible for its own legal and consulting costs incurred in the preparation, review and implementation of this Letter. Vacaville and the Agency each agree to cooperate with each other in the preparation, review and execution of any additional agreements that may be necessary to effect the exchange described herein. Vacaville shall not be responsible for payment of any charges imposed by any agency, including the Agency, for the preparation, processing or implementation of the Exchange Agreement, or for the preparation and processing of such other approvals as may be necessary to effect the exchange described herein.
- 6. <u>Costs of Defense</u>. In the event of any legal action by a third party to challenge this Letter and/or the exchange described herein ("Legal Action"), Vacaville and the Agency agree to cooperate in the defense thereof. Notwithstanding the agreement to cooperate, Agency shall include in the Exchange Agreement with Recipient, Recipient's obligation to indemnify and defend Vacaville (with counsel reasonably acceptable to Vacaville) in the event of any Legal Action arising from or related to the water exchange, this Letter or the Exchange Agreement.
- 7. Force Majeure. In the event that an unavoidable event beyond the reasonable control of the Parties, including, but not limited to availability of SWP water, renders the performance of this Letter impossible or infeasible, the Parties hereto shall be excused from the performance thereof, with a corresponding refund or adjustment of the payments required herein as may be necessary to achieve financial equity as between the Parties for that portion of the Letter that cannot be performed; provided, however, that the Agency shall first coordinate with DWR to determine whether alternate performance may be possible pursuant to an alternate schedule for completion of performance.
- 8. <u>Authority</u>. The undersigned representatives of Vacaville and the Agency hereby represent that they are authorized to execute the Letter for the Parties on whose behalf this Letter is executed.
- 9. <u>Notice</u>. Written notice may be provided by either Party to the other by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the following addresses:

City of Vacaville – Utilities Department PO Box 220 Elmira, CA 95625 Attn: Justen Cole, Interim Utilities Director Solano County Water Agency
810 Vaca Valley Parkway #203
Vacaville, CA 95688
Attn: Roland Sanford, General Manager

Executed on the dates set forth below.

CITY OF VACAVILLE,

By:

Jeremy Craig, City Manager

Date

Solano County Water Agency

By:

Roland Sanford, General Manager

Date